SUPPLEMENT TO

# The Bombay Gazette.

BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1882.

## THE KOLHAPORE LIBEL CASE.

At the Fort Police Court yesterday, the case in which Bal Gungadher Tilak and Gopal Ganesh Agarkar stand charged with libelling Mr. Barve, the State Karbharee of Kolhapore, was again called on for hearing before Mr. Webb.

Mr. Little, of Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. Pherozeshaw Mehta, instructed by Messrs. Shapurjee and Nasserwanjee, appeared for the defence.

Mr. Barve's cross-examination by Mr. Pherozeshaw was continued. He said.—Mr. Hammick was appointed guardian of the Maharajah in 1873. As guardian of the Maharajah, Mr. Hammick did not take any advice or act in consultation with me. When Mr. Hammick was appointed guardian the Maharajah's paternal parents lived with him. The parents were removed from the bungalow after about four months. I do not know how the presence of the natural parents interfered with the Maharajah's discipline. I have no idea of how it became necessary to remove them. I do not recollect having had any conversation with Mr. Hammick upon the subject. I was called by surprise when I received orders for the removal of the Maharajah's parents. I do not recollect having asked the Political Agent how it became necessary to remove them.

Mr. Pherozeshaw—Did Radhabai remonstrate against her removal from the bungalow?

Witness—Not to me. Dinkerrao, I think, complained to the Political Agent, and went so far as to complain to the Government. The orders for the removal were entrusted to me to be carried out. There was no objection to their visiting the Maharajah. Dinkerrao was allowed to visit the Maharajah on certain days during the week.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you know that the Maharajah was very much disappointed at the removal of their parents?

Witness.—I do not recollect. He must have felt annoyed; it was quite natural on his part. He may have spoken to me on the subject. I do not remember telling the Maharajah that he must implicitly obey orders.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you remember that the Maharajah complained about being harshly treated by you?

Witness.—No, he never complained to me or to any one else, to my knowledge.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you remember that a chief offered you violence on account of your harsh treatment of the Maharajah?

Witness.—No such violence was offered to me.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—From your knowledge of native life, could you say that a prince in the position of the Maharajah was likely to have an exaggerated opinion of the power and influence of a State Karbharee?

Witness.—I do not understand the question, and cannot answer it. I did not impress upon the Maharajah that I could do whatever I liked with the Political Agent. In 1878 the marriage of the present Maharajah took place. I selected the bride from Satara. She is not of such high a family as the Maharajah. The family to which the Maharajah belongs is held by the Mahrattas in the highest estimation. They hold it even above the Gaekwar, Scindhia, and Holkar. It is equal to the Satara family; was the wife of the girl was the wife of the last Rajah of Satara. The girl was selected by the Rani Saheb of Kolhapore herself. It was not my selection. I brought photographs of about half-a-dozen girls, together with information about them. As it was a Kolhapore point, I did not recommend any one of them. The family of the bride selected for the Maharajah did not make me a grateful present. The Maharajah's father-in-law was one Wagojee Rao Shirke.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Does your father-in-law hold a bungalow belonging to Wagojee Rao?

Witness.—No, under no condition whatever. I never took down the statement that the Maharajah was not able to consummate his marriage. I do not remember that the Dowager Ranee Sakoorbai had ever made any such allegation to Government. I never heard of any inquiry being ordered by Government on the matter. I do not know if it was ever alleged that the Maharajah was unable to consummate his marriage. I may have heard the statement; I do not know how I heard it. When Dr. Beattie and Joyal gave evidence that an inquiry was made into the allegation as to the Maharajah's impotency the fact came on me completely by surprise. I do not know that if the Maharajah were deemed unfit to consummate his marriage, it would be a ground for any interference by Government, and of the fiances of the late Maharajah. The Khasgi department was in the palace, and Rambhow Anapa[illegible] had charge of the palace. I had never to come in contact with the Ranee Saheb through Rambhow. I never had occasion to write to Rambhow in his official capacity. I knew the late Nana Saheb Kagelkar. I know Parvatcem Saheb, who belongs to the Kagel Jaghirdar family. She had adopted one Sacaram Gaugre. Sacaram's widow is related to Radhabai. I have heard of a dispute (which occurred before my time) as to the adoption of a boy by the widow of Sacaram. I have not heard that a bribe was to be paid to Sacaram's widow for the adoption of the person whom she ultimately adopted. The person adopted was the son of Nana Saheb Kagelkar. I do not know if Nana Saheb had to raise a loan from one Gungaram Shintre. I have not heard if Gungaram Shintre was questioned by the Political Agent upon the subject. I do not know that he told the Political Agent that a bond was executed, but that he had paid no interest. Shintre made a call for his money to Nana Saheb in 1880. I do not know that Nana Saheb refused to pay the money, relying on Shintre's statement before the Political Agent. I do not know if Rambhow Anapa was interested in this matter. Neither Rambhow nor Shintre spoke to me on the subject. I never, directly or indirectly pressed, Nana Saheb to pay the money. I heard afterwards that, somehow or other, the money was paid by Nana Saheb Kagelkar. Nana Saheb told me that he had the money, because he thought the money was due. He did not tell me why he refused to pay the money so long. I do not recollect having written to Rambhow some time in October. I do not recollect having written to Rambhow to send a tonga to the Political Agent's bungalow. I may have written to the Khasi Karbharee, but not to Rambhow. I did not ever write to Rambhow that Meherban Nana Saheb Kagelkar must pay Shintre's money; nor that if he objected, he would suffer afterwards. I did not write to him that the conduct of the Shrimant Maharaj was not proper. I do not write to him that "probably in a few days matters will be as at Baroda. Let this be mentioned to the younger Ranee Saheb. This is the request." I swear that I never wrote these things to Rambhow, or caused anybody else to write them to Rambhow. I may have written to the Khasgi Karbharee, but not to Rambhow, that "a tonga should come here at once yoked with a big pair. A bullock should be sent."

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—If I were alleged that the letter of the 14th October, 1880, published in the *Kesari* of the 17th January, 1882, had been written by you, would you say that it was a complete forgery?

Witness.—Yes, I would. I did not write the following:—"Let a good watch be kept on Sadashew Pandoorung, *alias* Nana Bhide. Information should be given of what he is about. I never wrote or caused to be written to Rambhow that a tonga should be sent at the Meherban Political Agent's bungalow at sunset. I did not write, "Let a tonga yoked with a big pair come here just now. A bullock should be sent. If success be attained in the case of the Maharajah, there will be a difficulty afterwards. Therefore, let the younger Queen Dowager look to it soon. Another adoption will be thought of afterwards." I never wrote the letter of the 27th November, 1881, above the postscript. I never wrote the postscript to the letter—that "Messrs. Green and Cox have been told about the Maharajah; speedy and swift follow." The letters in question contain imputations against my character. (The witness denied all the allegations made against him in the letters.)

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you know that a meeting had assembled on Dussera day at the temple of Ambabai in Kolhapore, and Nana Bhide addressed the people there?

Witness.—There was no regular meeting held, but Nana Bhide addressed the people who went to the temple on that day. I do not know if a petition was adopted there; but I know that it was published in a Kolhapore paper on the Monday after the Dussera holiday. The paper is published every Monday.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Don't you know that the police arrested a good many people who signed the petition?

Witness.—I do not know that. The police reported the matter to the Political Agent, and it was subsequently brought to my notice. The police had examined four or five of the persons who had signed the petition. I do not think they were examined at my instance. I did not give the police any direct or indirect instructions on the subject. The founder of Kolhapore was Hari Anand Bhosle, who is now on attendance on the Maharajah. The report came from the chief police officer, Balwantrao Limay. I did not direct that the police should keep a watch on Nana Bhide. The fact of the vegetables being sent to the Political Agent as Meeraj, as mentioned in one of the letters, did actually take place.

Witness was here shown about forty letters purporting to bear his signature. On looking at some of the signatures, the witness said that they resembled his handwriting, and as to a few others he remarked that they were bad imitations. One of the signatures to a letter, which turned out to be one of those which appeared in the *Kesari*, was positively pronounced by the witness to be a forgery. Some of the signatures, which the witness in the first instance said did not appear to be in his handwriting, were after he had been allowed to see the contents admitted to be his. Witness denied that some of the letters alleged to have been written by his karkoon, Venayek, were in that man's handwriting.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—At the Sessions Court will you take steps to secure the attendance of Venayek, since, you see, it is insinuated by the cross-examination that some of the letters are in Venayek's handwriting?

Witness.—I will if my solicitors advise me to do so. I think Venayek's leave will expire soon, and he will return to his ordinary course. I have not seen Venayek since he left me in December last.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Has he been in Bombay since that time?

Witness.—I have no reason to believe that Venayek has been in Bombay since that time. Rambhow was here during the last month. I may have been told me that Venayek was here.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—If Rambhow had met his brother Venayek in Bombay, he would surely have informed you of his presence.

Witness.—He would in all probability have informed me, had that been the case.

Witness continued.—After Radhabai and Dinkerrao were turned out of the Maharajah's bungalow, they felt annoyed with me. When I refused Radhabai permission to live with the Maharajah in Bombay, she again felt annoyed. When I was at Kolhapore, the Maharajah expressed his wish to be sent to the Rajkumar College. When the Maharajah said to Colonel Schneider that he wished to go there, I cannot say whether I approved of his going there or not.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you know that the Maharajah made the application to Colonel Schneider because he wanted, as he said, to be away from your harsh treatment? A.—I do not know anything of the kind. When the Maharajah was sent to Rajkote, he was accompanied by a durbar servant named Luxmon Jamdar. I have a good opinion of Luxmon, but he is not a favorite of mine. Q.—Do you know that the Maharajah detested him cordially? A.—I don't think he did; on the contrary, I think he liked him. Q.—Do you know that Luxmon Jamdar slapped the Maharajah in the presence of the Maharajah's father-in-law or the father-in-law's brother? A.—No. Q.—Do you know that the Maharajah refused to return to Rajkote if he was to be accompanied by Luxmon Jamdar? A.—No. Q.—Did you ever come to know that other students of the Rajkumar College had complained of the harsh treatment of Luxmon Jamdar towards the Maharajah? A.—I never heard of it. Q.—Do you know that the Principal of the college dismissed Luxmon, after he had heard the complaint against him? A.—No. I did not hear of a telegram being sent to Kolhapore by Luxmon about his dismissal. I do not know that an order was sent from Kolhapore that he was not to be dismissed. Mr. Kelkar acted for me when I went on the Famine Commission. He is my friend, not a very great friend. I do not think that I suggested his appointment as acting Karbharee. I may or may not have suggested it.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Was he in your confidence thoroughly when he was acting for you?

Witness.—Yes, he was. While I was away, he wrote to me. He did not keep me regularly informed of what was going on at Kolhapore, but occasionally only. When the Rajah was sent a second time to Rajkote, I was at Kolhapore.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—You know that on that occasion he was very much against going to Rajkote?

Witness.—He was not so willing to go as at the first time. He did not express a desire not to go. Luxmon Jamdar again accompanied him. I do not know if that was against the Maharajah's wish.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Do you know that immediately after the prince went to Rajkote a second time, an intimation was sent to the Vice-Principal that an attempt would be made to prove the Maharajah mad?

Witness.—No. I had no idea when the Maharajah left that there was anything the matter with him sanity mentally. I do not know that the intimation had been sent by the Vice-Principal to one of the native papers, and had been published in it. I do not recollect having read about the circumstance in any of the native papers. I read the *Indu* [illegible] times. The State subscribes to it. When the Maharajah was at Rajkote, many of his servants fell ill with fever. The Maharajah himself got fever, and suffered for some days.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—Did he not want to come away from Rajkot at the time?

Witness.—He may have so desired. His sessions were to be over soon, and he was anyhow to come back. I have produced some of my correspondence with Mr. Moduck, the Maharajah's tutor. I have some more of his letters. All the letters from September, 1879, from Mr. Moduck were preserved, because they related to the Maharajah's health. Rambhow Anapurkar went always with the Maharajah to Rajkote, and also went to bring him back. I produce three other letters I received from Mr. Moduck. I have not got copies of the letters I addressed to Mr. Moduck.

It being now nearly half-past five o'clock, Mr. Pherozeshaw applied that the further hearing should be adjourned.

The magistrate declined to grant an adjournment, saying that he was ready to sit out the cross-examination.

Mr. Pherozeshaw said that he had been on his legs from 12 o'clock in the morning, and was so utterly exhausted that it was impossible for him to proceed with the cross-examination any further.

The magistrate said that he was ready to sit till 6 o'clock (Bombay time).

Mr. Pherozeshaw said that he was not in a position to cross-examine any further, he having been so long on his legs.

The magistrate.—I ask, Mr. Pherozeshaw, if you decline to go on.

Mr. Pherozeshaw.—I do not decline to go on. But, Mr. Little can see why this case should be hurried on. I should, like all other cases, take its turn.

After some further discussion, the magistrate said that he would take a note that Mr. Pherozeshaw declined to cross-examine the witness.

Mr. Pherozeshaw said he did not decline to cross-examine; and his Worship might treat the application in any manner he thought proper.

Mr. Little.—If Mr. Pherozeshaw declines to proceed, I will go on with the re-examination of the witness.

Mr. Pherozeshaw then left the court, and the witness was briefly re-examined by Mr. Little.

The case was then adjourned until this morning, at 11 o'clock.

## INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

The annual meeting of the Indo-British Institution was held on Monday afternoon in the Boys' School, under the presidency of the Hon. L. R. Ashburner. Among those present were the Hon. L. and Mrs. Ashburner, the Hon. Mr. Justice Kemball, the Hon'ble Archdeacon and Mrs. Stead, Major-General Hewett, Dr. H. and Mrs. Cook, Miss Cook, Mrs. and Miss Graham, Professor and Mrs. Hathornthwaite, the Rev. C. E. and Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Moore, the Rev. F. L. and Mrs. Sharpin, Mr. and Mrs. M. Cursetjee, the Misses Cama, Messrs. Starling, Curjel, Tilleard, and Malloch, the Rev. G. Evans, Miss Hoskis, Mrs. Mahon, the Rev. G. and Mrs. Leigard, Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd, the Rev. Messrs. Walker, Page, and Ellis, Mr. and Miss Maidment, the Rev. J. Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. Beyts, the Rev. C. and Misses Gilder, Miss Bennett, Miss Crawford, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Rowland, Mrs. Austin, Mr. Mehmert, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Sorabjee B. Kolah, and several others.

The Rev. Charles Gilder, Secretary, read the following report for 1881:—

The Committee have much satisfaction in presenting their report for the year 1881. Encouraged by the liberal help accorded to the institution by the public, they have extended its shelter to a larger number of poor children than have been on the roll for many years past. There has also been increased appreciation of its usefulness on the part of parents and others, as shown by the steadily increasing number of applications for admission. The public subscriptions and donations have amounted to Rs. 5,276-5, as against Rs. 4,070-8 in the previous year, made up of the undermentioned items:—Annual subscriptions, Rs. 1,027; monthly subscriptions, Rs. 1,324-3-8; donations, Rs. 2,919-1-4. Under each head there has been an increase, for which the Committee express their thankfulness. They note, however, with regret that the number of annual subscribers of Rs. 30 and upwards, from whom the non-official members of the managing body of the institution are selected, has fallen off from 26 in 1880 to 24 in the year under review. Towards the sum shown above as the aggregate of the monthly subscriptions, the officers of H. M.'s Prevention Service in Bombay have contributed Rs. 129-3; and one kind benefactor, a temporary resident in Bombay, has paid Rs. 140. One monthly subscriber has added to his subscription a donation of Rs. 90 to the funds of the institution. Lodge "Caledonia," Bombay, and Lodge "St. Andrew," Poona, have each forwarded Rs. 50. A legacy of Rs. 100 has been received from the executors of the late Mrs. Harvey of Poona. Towards the special fund for repairs only Rs. 120 have been received in all. The sum received as church offertories has been considerably less than in the two previous years. In 1879 it was Rs. 1,369-7-11, in 1880 Rs. 2,060-9-7, while in 1881 it was only Rs. 856-43. The Committee, while expressing their thanks to the Clergy who have so kindly helped the funds, trust that more extensive support may be accorded to the institution by the Christian congregations in the diocese during the ensuing year. The payments on account of boarders from parents and friends show a considerable increase on the receipts from this source in the previous year, Rs. 6,072-10 having been received in 1881, as against Rs. 4,816-12 in 1880. This is owing partly to the increase in the number of children, but chiefly to the greater readiness with which payments are made now that the benefits conferred on the institution as a home for poor children have become apparent. The receipts from day-scholars' fees have been only Rs. 80. The total income of the institution from all sources has been Rs. 15,435-12, while the expenses have been Rs. 14,108-2-11, leaving a credit balance of Rs. 1,327-9-1. The number of boarders on the 31st December was 103, showing an increase of 14 on the previous year: of these 53 were boys and 50 girls. For 7 children the full fee of Rs. 16 (which is the actual outlay for each child) has been received; 1 child is maintained on the income from the Green Scholarship fund; for 37 children only a portion of the cost of maintenance was paid or promised by parents or friends; and 33 children have been entirely supported from the alms and gifts of the public. Owing, however, to the impoverished circumstances of their parents, several children for whom part payment had been promised have not been paid for at all. Such cases of default have been allowed by the Committee to stand over pending a reference to Government for additional aid to institutions under the provisions of the Resolution of 10th October last on the Education of European and Eurasian children in India. During the year 26 children (8 boys and 18 girls) were admitted, and 11 children (6 boys and 5 girls) were withdrawn. Of the boys who were withdrawn, 2 obtained employment; and 2 of the girls have been married. There were at the end of the year 11 day-scholars on the roll, of whom 6 were boys and 5 girls. The actual school attendance (inclusive of day-scholars) has been 114. The Government inspection of the schools was held in September last, when the grant for the previous year (Rs. 1,360) was renewed, Colonel Waddington, Educational Inspector, C. D., expressing his satisfaction with the quality of the instruction given and with the intelligence of the pupils. The report of the Director of Public Instruction for the year 1881-81, just issued, shows that the institution has continued to maintain a satisfactory position among the middle class schools of the presidency. Subjoined is an extract:—

| | Boys' School. Standards I to VI. | Girls' School. Standards I to VI. |
|---|---|---|
| No. Examined | 45 | 36 |
| No. Passed— | | |
| In Arithmetic | 40 | 28 |
| In English | 33 | 24 |
| In Writing | 42 | 34 |
| In Geography and History | 23 | 26 |
| Needle-work | .. | 26 |
| Passed under all heads | 28 | 32 |
| Percentage of passed under all heads | 62 | 88 |

Under the sixth standard, one boy was presented in Elementary Latin; the second language taught in the Girls' School is Marathi, in which six pupils were examined. In awarding the prizes for secular knowledge under the Government Standards, the Committee have had the benefit of the advice of the Rev. R. Walker, M.A., to whom they would express their obligations. At the request of the Right Rev. the President, the schools were examined in religious knowledge by the Rev. A. C. Lochee, acting Garrison Chaplain, who writes:—"The results of the examinations were very creditable and gave me much satisfaction." Of the Girls' School, he states:—"The examination of the school showed me that the children had been most carefully instructed, and that no pains had been spared by the teachers; and I consider that the children have done full justice to and profited by the instruction. I was amazed," Mr. Lochee continues, "at their power of repetition; in no case throughout the school was this otherwise than very good." The report concludes:—"It is with very great pleasure that I bear witness to the general efficiency in Scripture knowledge of the children of the Indo-British schools, and especially to that shown by the girls. And I beg to express my conviction that both the School-master and the School-mistress have faithfully and diligently discharged their duty in this most important sphere of their work." The Committee have received Mr. Lochee's report with much satisfaction, and they consider that it reflects great credit on the Master and the Mistress (Mrs. Duke). During the year an important want has been supplied by the fitting up of the boys' play-ground with gymnastic apparatus. The thanks of the Committee are due to the friends who have kindly assisted towards that object. Mrs. Clancy has been appointed Mistress of the Girls' School in succession to Mrs. Duke, who has resigned. The Committee have much pleasure in expressing their satisfaction with the manner in which Mrs. Duke conducted the duties of Mistress. They have also every reason to believe that Mrs. Clancy will prove a most efficient successor. The children have been healthy; only one death has occurred,—a boy who had obtained employment, but was permitted to live temporarily on the premises, having died of consumption. The sick children have received every care and attention at the European General Hospital. Although the repairs and improvements to the school buildings, so urgently needed for the proper working of the institution, have not been commenced, the Committee are thankful to report that an application to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, by the Right Rev. the President, for a grant towards the estimated expense, has been responded to with the society's usual liberality, a sum of £175, or one-third of the amount required to be raised by the Government Grant-in-aid Rules, having been voted by the Standing Committee in England, so recently as the 7th ultimo. It may be added that the Society contributed Rs. 10,000 (or £1,000) to the original cost of erecting the buildings. No reply has been received from the Society for the establishment of the Gospel, in whom the buildings are vested, and who allow their being use rent-free. About Rs. 1,500 now remain to be collected from private sources before application can be made for the Government contribution. Were the additional accommodation provided, some fifteen or twenty more children might be sheltered and educated. The Committee earnestly appeal to the friends of Christian education throughout the presidency for funds to enable them to effect this desired extension of the schools, as well as to maintain them in their present efficiency. The work of providing for poor Eurasian children is a most necessary branch of true charity; and no other has a surer promise of blessing upon it.

Dr. Cook moved the adoption of the report, which, he observed, was satisfactory in most points. The teachers and children had performed their duty well, and to a certain extent the public had performed theirs, for there was an increase in the annual sub-criptions. He saw that although the institution had had a larger number of pupils during 1881 than in the previous year, it had been conducted at less expense. Dr. Cook also alluded to the gymnastic apparatus in the compound, and said that it was important from a medical point of view. Here and there, he noticed, been a great improvement in the respect in Bombay. Twenty years ago, when he first knew Bombay, there was nothing like the same state of things as within the last few years a much better state of things was witnessed.

Mr. Hathornthwaite seconded the adoption of the report, and the motion was carried.

The Chairman explained that the voting lists had been examined by Mr. Shepherd, called on the Secretary to read out the names of the gentlemen elected to fill the vacancies on the Committee, they were:—Colonel J. H. White, and Messrs. H. E. Jacomb, H. Curjel, and F. Rowland. (The Hon. Sir M. R. Westropp had received many votes, but was about to leave India finally.)

On the motion of Mr. H. Starling, seconded by Mr. W. Maidment, it was resolved, "That the accounts as audited by Mr. Lafrenais, for the past year be accepted as correct, and that he be thanked for his kindness."

Mrs. Ashburner having distributed the prizes to the pupils.

The President said he had received a letter from H. E. the Governor, who was unable to be present, but had sent Rs. 250 towards the building fund. He had also received a letter from the Bishop of Bombay, who expressed his regret that he could not attend the meeting, and, with his usual liberality, sent Rs. 300. They must all regret the absence of His Excellency, but he was glad to see Mr. Ashburner present to preside on that occasion, for of all the educational institutions in Bombay not one appealed more forcibly to their sympathy, or demanded their support more thoroughly, than the Indo-British Institution. The children belonged to the poorest class of their community, and not only professed their religion, but were in a sense their own flesh and blood; and any neglect of their interests would be a disgrace to the whole community, to themselves. The principle of compulsory education having been fully admitted in England, these boys, if they were at home, would have to be educated at the expense of local taxation; but in India, although not legally, they were morally bound to educate them in order that they might earn an honest livelihood. The subject of Eurasian education had lately attracted the attention of the Government of India, and at the instance of the Ven. Archdeacon Baly an inquiry had been made on the subject. It appeared that facilities for education in Bengal were in excess of application for admission. The public was made for the purpose. An inquiry had been made in the Bombay Presidency by Mr. Jacob, and it appeared that though they were not so badly off as Bengal, there was much to be done, and Government was applied to for a loan of two lakhs, but he regretted to say that it had not been sanctioned in consequence of the famine, but he trusted and he still hoped a part of it might be granted, and if so they would be able to put that school and others on a more favourable footing. The subscriptions were a matter of importance, because, as they were aware, it was the intention of the Government of India to establish a purely native civil service. This was not an entirely new idea, for during the last three years, by the Secretary of State's order, the employment in the public service of Europeans of pure birth had been prohibited. The object of this order was, no doubt, to give natives a greater share in the Government of the country, and it was a very laudable object. The boys of that school would enjoy all the advantages of natives in that respect, as it had been decided by legal authority that they were natives. The European community would be glad to see as much to blame if they did not qualify these boys to take adv antage of the prospects thus held out to them; but he would warn them that the natives were extremely intelligent, industrious, and self-denying, and it was only by the resolute practice of those virtues that they could hope to compete with the natives. They must work hard, and he felt sure that the qualities they inherited from their European ancestors would enable them to succeed. But the European community had a duty to perform, and they must raise the educational standard of the schools. Funds were necessary, for without them a higher educational standard could not be obtained. If the request for additional funds were granted, nothing further would be required; but if not they must depend on their own exertions, remembering that Heaven helps those that help themselves. If an appeal were made to the European community, it would, he believed, be responded to and the necessary funds be forthcoming. He might suggest to the musicians who so often gave aid in good works that they should exercise their gifts in this good cause, for they could not raise their voices for a more worthy object.

The Hon. Justice Kemball proposed a vote of thanks to the Hon. Mr. Ashburner for presiding, and on behalf of the Committee thanked Mrs. Ashburner for distributing the prizes.

## EGUTPOORA SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The statement of "Your Egutpoora correspondent" in his last letter, that the Methodist Episcopal School presented forty-six children for examination and received Rs. 140 as grant-in-aid, while the Railway School presented only seventeen and received Rs. 220, is wholly incorrect. The Methodist Episcopal School only presented twenty-five for examination, and received Rs. 442. Accordingly, the Railway School to have equalled the Methodist Episcopal School, should have received over Rs. 300. "Your correspondent," moreover, makes the statement that "a portion of the boasted Rs. 440 was got under that very useful section (17) of the grant-in-aid rules which allows special extra aid to be given to poor and struggling schools." Not one rupee, sir, of the grant of Rs. 442 was obtained under this section. All "Your correspondent's" remarks against "Facts" recoil now with redoubled force upon himself; it is his letter, and not that of "Facts," which is "most unfair and quite misleading;" and as "Your correspondent" is not an "irresponsible writer," such wilful and persistent misrepresentations as are made by him on this subject should be laid before those to whom he is responsible. If the Methodist Episcopal School is a "struggling" school, it has struggled with marvellous success. It has now double the number of pupils of the Railway School, and has attained, according to the Government standard, the rank of a high school or academy. As one of the oldest inhabitants of Egutpoora, I can state that Mr. Ahier has been in charge of the Railway School for eleven years, and for five years past a number of the company's servants here have been sending their children to Bombay and Poona schools. The Methodist Episcopal School has now a teaching staff which is prepared to carry the pupils into the University.

FACTS.

## ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAINS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the agitation which has been initiated in certain Indian papers on the question of increased emoluments for Roman Catholic priests acting as military chaplains, there are many sound arguments which should deter the British Government from acquiescing in the demands made.

Foremost amongst these is the argument that the Roman priests attached to troops are not Government servants at all, but clergy responsible only to their bishops. A recent case must have two parties, and Roman Catholics can scarcely expect the British Government to provide elaborate rules for their comfort and convenience, and at the same time to leave them practically independent of any control except that of the agents of an Indian Bishop.

But is it true that Roman State-aided priests are underpaid? What is their proportion of actual work compared with that of Protestant chaplains? Of the 61 Roman military chaplains in India, how many have to minister to any except a very small minority of troops in their various garrisons?

Again, is the pay in itself so very small? By no means. Take the case of the Roman priest who has just retired from work, and who is specially brought forward as a type of a class deserving commiseration. This priest has served, not the Government but his own Church, in the Army, for 33 years. During the last 16 years of this period he has been drawing from Government Rs. 350 a month, and he has had free quarters. He is a bachelor, and a monk vowed to poverty. Now I have lived in India as a member of a regimental mess for some time, and my mess expenses, including liquor, have seldom exceeded Rs. 60 a month. Add to this Rs. 40 a month for clothing, and if the priest cited above spent similarly Rs. 100 a month, he must have been able to put by Rs. 200 a month at least, allowing the extra Rs. 50 for horse-keep. Rs. 200 for 18 years represent the sum of Rs. 43,200 of clear savings—say, £4,000 sterling. Then let me ask whether there are not hundreds of English curates and vicars at home who have families to keep and provide for, but who, though servants of the State Church, live on the merest pittance, and who certainly, save as they please, can never hope in their old age, when worn out with toil and infirmities, to retire from harness with a comfortable £1,000 of their own.

The truth is the grievances of the Roman priests in this country are entirely fictitious. Most of the money, if voted by Government, would not go into the pockets of the priests at all, but to the support of Roman Catholic institutions, and the Government may rely on it that if they bring in a bill in Council to meet the demands of Roman ecclesiastical agitators, they will hear of it again elsewhere.

CITIZEN.

## HIGH COURT.—MARCH 14.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

The following short causes were heard before his Lordship:—

ANTONE MEIFFRE AND OTHERS *vs.* G. W. COLE.

MR. RUSSELL, instructed by MR. Turner for the defendant, asked for a fortnight's postponement, as negotiations for a settlement were going on between the parties. Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Tobin and Roughton for the plaintiffs, consented; and his Lordship granted a fortnight's postponement.

THOMAS FISHER PUNNETT *vs.* RUTTONSY KHATAO.

MR. Pigot, instructed by Messrs. Prescot and Winter, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Mordtee and Bonnor, for the defendant. The defendant had filed a written statement, and his counsel asked that the case should be transferred to the long causes list. After some discussion, the case was ordered to be put into the long causes list.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO. *vs.* DR. BYRAMJEE SORAB-JEE AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Boevey for the plaintiffs, said the suit was brought to recover moneys due on four bills of exchange for goods sold. Defendant had dealings with the firm, and at a settlement of accounts on the 12th December, 1878, he accepted for bills drawn in favour of the firm. They had been presented on the due dates, but were dishonoured. The sister of the defendant, Bhikaijee, was a defendant to the suit, but she had admitted the liability and obtained the benefit of the Act. The defendant had also filed a petition in May, 1879, but he was dismissed on the opposition of the plaintiffs. A decree was given for the plaintiffs for Rs. 4,130, with interest and costs.

BAI COOVERBAI AND ANOTHER *vs.* RUTTONJEE NUSSERWANJEE OONWALLA.

Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir and Hormasjee for the plaintiffs, said the suit was brought to take a consent decree. This was a suit on a covenant of a mortgage for Rs. 16,000 and odd. His Lordship gave a decree, with defendant's consent, in terms given in a consent paper.

JAMSETJEE NUSSERWANJEE *vs.* WILLIAM ARTURR DONORIOR.

The plaintiff, who appeared in person, claimed to recover moneys advanced to the defendant on a bond and on promissory notes. No interest had been paid with the exception of Rs. 157. His Lordship gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 4,753, with interest and costs.

GOVINDAS BALKEEDAS AND OTHERS *vs.* WAMANRAO GOVINDRAO AND OTHERS.

Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Muljee and Bonoojee for the plaintiffs, said that at an adjustment of accounts between the parties on the 2nd December, 1881, Rs. 7,276 were found due to the plaintiffs, Rs. 4,350 had been paid on account. There was no appearance for the defendants, against whom a decree for Rs. 2,926 was given, with interest and costs.

CASES STRUCK OUT.

The following cases were struck out for want of appearance:—Gotumchund Bhaichand *vs.* Nursey Jurjeevun; Peroo Mahomed *vs.* Soraljee Eduljee; and Hajee Abdool Wyed Oosman *vs.* William Mackinnon and others.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

ANOTHER DECREE AGAINST MR. J. E. BODGER.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION *vs.* J. E. BODGER.

MR. RIVETT-CARNAC, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs. There was no appearance for the defendant.

The summons in the case was under an order dated 7th ultimo, posted on the door of the defendant's last place of residence, 205, Tarwady. The suit was down on the board some time ago, when, on the application of the plaintiffs, a postponement was granted for two months. Latterly the plaintiffs got the postponement order cancelled; and the suit was put down on the board again. It was brought to recover Rs. 11,296, the difference in the value of Government paper for Rs. 1,50,000 on the 5th July, 1881, when the defendant purchased it, and the 31st August, 1881, when he was bound to take delivery.

Mr. Thomas Bromley, junior, a broker, stated that on the 5th July last, at the request of the defendant, he purchased from the plaintiffs Government paper for Rs. 1,00,000 at Rs. 106—3-3-16, and on the same day another batch for Rs. 50,000 at Rs. 106—2-4 deliverable between the 15th and 31st August, 1881, at the buyer's option.

Mr. F. O. Bridgeman, sub-accountant Oriental Bank Corporation, confirmed the above testimony, adding that the defendant did not take delivery on the 31st August, 1881. On that date, he wrote to the plaintiffs stating that he confirmed the purchases on the Government paper for delivery that day, but regretting that, in consequence of the heavy fall in prices, he found himself unable to take delivery until he received moneys from home. He said the plaintiffs were aware that he had to pay heavy sums for margins, money to other banks which included Government paper for him, and asked them to hold the paper for some further time. The plaintiffs did grant him further time until the 25th November, 1881, on which day they called upon him to take delivery. He did not do so, and failed to pay the difference in price, and had not paid it yet. The amount due from him on the 31st January, 1882, was Rs. 11,296. The rate of Government paper on the 31st August, 1881, was par.

His Lordship passed a decree against the defendant for Rs. 11,296 with interest at 8 per cent. per annum from 1st February, 1882, to judgment, costs, and interest on the judgment at 6 per cent. until payment.

## ABOLITION OF THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION TAX.

THE Notification of the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department, No. 1990, dated the 1st October, 1880, is cancelled from this date. Arms, ammunition, and military stores brought into an Indian port, and declared under manifest to be consignments without transhipment to any port on the seaboard of the Persian Gulf, will, in terms of the Notification of the Home Department, No. 1572, dated 29th August, 1879, be exempt, until further order, from the prohibitions and directions contained in Section 6 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.—*Gazette of India.*

## THE SALT DUTY.

THE following notification appears in the *Gazette of India*:—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882, the Governor-General in Council directs that on and after the date of this Notification (10th March) the duty to be paid on salt manufactured in or imported by land into any part of British India, except Burma and that portion of the territories administered by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab which lies west of the river Indus, shall be rupees two for each maund of 82 2-7 lbs. avoirdupois weight. The Governor-General in Council further directs that not less than two copies of a notice, in the vernacular language of the district, stating that the salt duty has been reduced from Rs. 2-14 (or Rs. 2-8 as the case may be) to Rs. 2 per maund, shall be issued by each Local Government to every town and village within its jurisdiction to which the reduction applies, and shall also be made public in such other manner as the Local Government may deem fit.

## BENGAL.

A COMMISSARIAT FRAUDS CASE.—An important case connected with the Commissariat frauds Comes off this day, Saturday, in the Court of the Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta (Mr. B. L. Guptal) in which a Mahomedan contractor to Government, for the supply of camels and elephants, is the defendant. The charge against the accused is twofold—that of offering a bribe of Rs. 1,000 to the head clerk of the Commissariat Department to do an unlegal act in his official capacity, and abetment of the said offence by causing the same to be accepted. The Advocate-General, Mr. Phillips, assisted by Mr. Branson, and instructed by the Crown Solicitor, appear for the prosecution. The names of the gentlemen appearing for the defence are not yet known.—*Statesman.*

## MADRAS.

CHOLERA IN THE 25TH REGT. N. I.—Further accounts regarding the cholera epidemic in this Regiment state that the most complete confusion exists throughout the camp such as is calculated to prevent the carrying out of any sanitary measures for checking the spread of the disease. The panic, we hear, is so general amongst the families of the men that nothing could be done to prevent them from leaving the camp for the neighbouring villages where, it is feared, the disease will be carried by the fugitives. Some have gone back to the town of Vellore where the disease first assumed an epidemic form. Assistance in every form, even to Hospital servants and scavengers, who have deserted en *masse*, has been applied I for from the authorities in Madras.—*Times.*

## BANGALORE RACES, 1882.

Dates and Entrances for the July Meeting are re-published for information.

| 1ST DAY. | 15th March. | 1st May. | 1st June. | 1st July. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Trial Stakes | 25 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| H. H. the Mysore Maharajah's Cup | 30 | 75 | 150 | 200 |
| Galloway Purse | 25 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| Bangalore Purse | 30 | 75 | 150 | 200 |
| 2ND DAY. | | | | |
| Service Stakes | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 |
| The Mysore Purse | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
| The Civ

bedive to change the Ministry which enjoyed his confidence, and under the pressure of several officers of foreign birth on him a Premier the Minister of War. The Khedive's power no longer exists. In this new conditions it little matters whether the intention is affirmed or not of not interfering with the powers of the Controllers. By the very force of things they become inefficient when confronted not with the Khedive and Ministers freely appointed by him, but with a Chamber and an army. The Khedive and the Ministers he appointed could not assume towards public opinion and foreign Governments the responsibility of measures to which the Controllers-General objected in the reports they had a right to publish. This was the very sanction of our powers. It has thus far sufficed; but it becomes perfectly illusory confronted with the Ministers of the Chamber and the army, who will only be accessible to the influence of the officers and the delegates from whom they derive their powers. In fact, it has come to this already, for the Ministry which has just been formed is about, notwithstanding the formal opposition of the Controllers-General, to give the Chamber the right of voting the Budget. It must, moreover, not be forgotten that Sherif Pasha's Ministry only fell because it would not disregard the opposition offered by the English and French Governments to the claim put forward by the Chamber to vote the Budget. To accept accomplished facts is, therefore, to accept the most serious outrage which has been committed against the influence of England and France; positively to annihilate the influence of the Controllers, who have no authority but that which they derive from their Governments. It would be a profound illusion not hereiu to see the prelude of a series of measures which will not leave standing any of the reforms introduced in the course of late years. The days may already be foreseen when the financial disorders which were remedied by the Commission of Inquiry and Commission of Liquidation will reappear."

In the House of Commons on Feb. 24 (the day the mail left), Mr. Bourke asked the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether the document in the *République Française* of Feb. 21, purporting to be signed by M. de Blignieres and Mr. Colvin, was authentic, and whether it contained the words:—"To accept accomplished facts is therefore to accept the most serious outrage which has been committed against the influence of England and France; positively to annihilate the influence of the Controllers, who have no authority but that which they derive from their Governments;" and if so, whether the declaration contained in the Dual Note of England and France with respect to "united" action, would be carried into effect.

Sir C. Dilke said the paper was an authentic document. A copy of it was sent to Sir Edward Malet by Colvin. He could not make any detailed statement, but only say in general terms that they were acting in concert with France, and in common with the Powers.

## MR. BRADLAUGH AND THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday, Feb. 21st, Mr. Labouchere moved the issue of a new writ for Northampton in the room of Mr. Bradlaugh, who by the various resolutions passed by the House had been prevented from taking the oath. The practical result of the resolutions, he insisted, was to disqualify Mr. Bradlaugh from taking his seat, and all the precedents—which he examined seriatim—established that whenever the House disqualified a member it always vacated the seat and issued a new writ.

Lord E. Churchill holding that the Resolution as it stood implied that the House had treated Mr. Bradlaugh arbitrarily, proposed to substitute words to the effect that in declaring that Mr. Bradlaugh was "disqualified by law," which he contended truly represented the state of the case.

The Attorney-General opposed both motion and amendment, holding that the effect of each was equally to expel Mr. Bardlaugh, for which no case had been made. The precedents were for the most part inapplicable, except that of Baron Rokeby, which he showed established that a seat could not be declared vacant unless the member had sat and voted without taking the oath. As to Lord R. Churchill's amendment, if Mr. Bradlaugh was disqualified he ought not to have been elected, but that was a matter for an election petition and not for the House.

Sir H. Giffard, while not agreeing altogether with the Attorney-General as to the effect of the Resolutions, thought the precedents quoted were not made with Mr. Bradlaugh's consent, to which Mr. Labouchere replied that it was made at his request.

Sir J. Moworay maintained that the seat was not vacant, and Mr. Aylands, who was of the same opinion, urged the Government to prevent further waste of time by undertaking to legislate

Sir S. Northcote asked what could be the meaning of this strange and suspicious move. If the electors of Northampton desired the seat to be vacated, why had not Mr. Bradlaugh applied for the Chiltern Hundreds? As the matter stood he saw no reason for issuing the writ.

The Speaker then proceeded to put the question. The first clause of Mr. Labouchere's motion, recitating the issuing a new writ was first negatived, this One House negatived the Churchill proposed to put in motion finally stood for the in the room of Charles Brad- and in this curtailed form it 307 to 18.

who had been sitting under the debate, at the close of the divi- position of the Bar, and when the been declared he walked up to the waiting for the Clerk to meet him, took from his pocket apparently a ab), and reciting the form of oath in oice, including the words "So help issed it in the usual form. Then paper which he carried with him, ling on it, and flung it across ards the Clerk. While this was going as a slight laugh and cries of the Opposition side, and the Speaker, the hon. member, reminded him ition of February 7, and directed him to below the bar. To this Mr. Bradlaugh "I have now taken the oath according to shall take my seat in the House," and, ack to the Bar—leaving the book and the nd him—he took his seat within the the extreme end of the third bench below ay, in the seat which he formerly occupi- peaker, again addressing him, admonished at he had not obeyed his orders, which tire below the bar and remain there, and laugh replying, "Having taken my oath ording to law, I obey your directions," eat in his former place under the gallery. point Lord R. Churchill rose, and amid le cheering moved that the hon. member mpton having sat in the House without en and subscribed the oath required by acated his seat in the same manner as it ead.

torney-General hoped that the House proceed deliberately in a matter of this d pointed out to the noble lord opposite nd not correctly quoted the words of the which required not merely that a member his seat, but that he should "sit in thout expressing any opinion whether adlaugh had done was taking an oath eaning of the statute, it was obvious ad question of that character, involving e and the voiding of the seat, should d off-hand. It was also open to argu- he had sat "during debate."

chere, having consulted with Mr. nder the gallery, said his colleague to have the question whether he had n submitted to judicial decision with. ld would undertake not to raise the nting during debate," He would not to sit an vote in the interval.

urchill expressed his surprise at tone of the Attorney-General, and h much warmth and vigour of lan- House should take prompt action punish the wanton insult which had to it.

stone, deprecating unnecessary heat, that the points raised were nice and moved the adjournment of the debate, while strongly censuring the outrage ffered to the House, agreed that an would be wise; and Dr. Lyons, who Mr. Bradlaugh had broken his parole f his intention to move that, having of a profanation, he is incapable of rliament, and that he be discharged attendance.

chcote, while concurring in the sug- adjournment, called on the Government ether they would be prepared to make posal for the punishment of the insult augh had offered the House in defying three times renewed. Mr. O'Donnell Gallan made some observations, and Mr. e, in response to a further appeal from ose, said that the Government in the- public carefully considered the points arising matter

te was then adjourned.

esday, the adjourned debate on Mr. ase occupied almost the entire sitting. mmenced, the Speaker, in reply to a Mr. Macfarlane, said that though it e members, after taking the oath or on, to each sitting on it, it was not for him ether Mr. Bradlaugh's omission to sign validated the ceremony.

lstone then, after a brief allusion to the previous evening, which he described and even as scandalous in the highest ceeded to acquaint the House with the consideration which he and his colleagues iven to the subject. In the first place, from the case of Mr. Bradlaugh, it essary to take some steps to prevent vancing from the Bar to the Table un- by the Speaker. Without pronouncing on the legal questions whether Mr. had taken the oath according to law he had sat "during debate," he the description of Mr. Bradlaugh's Votes, which he admitted constituted ce and flagrant disobedience—to stand e House. At the same time, looking at radlaugh's point of view, it was possi- acting with the view of asserting onstituents. After enlarging on lstone said he had come to the he course which he had adopt- when it was necessary to ust disobedience—to stand ority the duty of consider- ght to give effect to the Thus declaration was "Oh" and derisive the Ministerialists. question to the onduct on the

Mr. Bradlaugh, who had entered the House while the Attorney-General was speaking, addressed the Speaker from the Bar, and said that he had come to the House to take the oath which he had taken on the previous occasion, and which he was ready to take again. He had not come to the House to insult it, but to perform a duty which he owed to his constituents. He had taken the oath in the sense that he was bound by it, and he was ready to take it

# The Bombay Gazette

[With Supplement.

No. 10,303—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1882.


## SHIPPING.

NOTICE TO HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

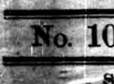
THE MAIL STEAMERS leaving on the following dates will call at Naples instead of Malta, if the Egyptian quarantine is not withdrawn in the meantime :—

Peshawur .....31st March.
Verona .....28th April.
Oriental .....12th May.
Ravenna .....26th May.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, 8th Feb., 1882.

## PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.



THE following other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

| Vessels. | Tons. | H.P. | Captains. | Friday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S. MONARCH | 3503 | 700 | A. E. H. | 17th inst. |
| S. CHINA | 2802 | 500 | J. Seaton | 24th ,, |
| S. POONAH | 3130 | 700 | W. L. Robbie | 31st ,, |
| S. MALWA | 3080 | 400 | G. F. Cates | 7th April. |
| S. ARABIA | 2726 | 450 | A. B. Daniell | 14th ,, |
| S. CASHMERE | 4300 | 750 | E. P. Edmond | 9th May. |
| S. CLYDE | 2909 | 450 | G. Scrivener | 18th ,, |
| S. INDUS | 3162 | 600 | S. D. Shallard | 25th ,, |
| | | | | Tuesday. |
| S. ROSETTA | 2932 | 500 | J. Orman | 30th May. |
| S. SUTLEJ | 3500 | 700 | W. Barratt | 6th June. |
| S. ZEMMAR | 3021 | 450 | R. G. Murray | 13th ,, |
| S. VERONA | 3116 | 600 | E. Ashdown | 20th ,, |
| S. EUXAT | 3142 | 530 | W. E. Breeze | 27th ,, |

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 5 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail Steamer, Steamers marked L. proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under :

THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

| | Via Brindisi, both ways. | Via Brindisi, one way. | Via London, both ways. |
|---|---|---|---|
| First Class .. Rs. | 900 | Rs. 1,000 | Rs. 1,000 |
| Second Class .. Rs. | 500 | Rs. 550 | Rs. 600 |
| SIX MONTHS. | | | |
| First Class .. Rs. | 1,150 | Rs. 1,200 | Rs. 1,250 |
| Second Class .. Rs. | 650 | Rs. 650 | Rs. 700 |

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

| Vessels. | Tons. H.P. | Captains. | 1882. |
|---|---|---|---|
| GWALIOR | 3743 450 | A. W. Adamson | 24th Mar. |
| VERONA | 3116 600 | E. Ashdown | 7th April. |

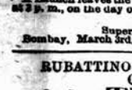
| Return Tickets are now issued | 1st Class. Rs. | 2nd Class. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months) | 600 | 375 |
| To Galle and back (available for two months) | 150 | 75 |
| To Penang or Singapore and back do. | 400 | 250 |

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock head, at Mazagon, at 5 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, March 3rd, 1882.

## RUBATTINO STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.



THE Regular Mail-steamers, under contract with Italian Government, leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th and on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and vice versa.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

| TO ALL PORTS OF ITALY. | | TO MARSEILLES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| I Class .. | £ 300 including wines. | I Class .. | £ 320 including wines. |
| II do. .... | 240 | II do. .... | 300 |
| III do. .... | 140 Without food. | III do. .... | 145 Without food. |

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' baggage will be delivered in LONDON free of CARTAGE to the extent allowed in the Company's Contract. Any excess will be charged for at the Company's Tariff rates.

The Company's Steamers will leave Bombay on the 1st April, 1882.

Cargo will be received on board, and Steamers will be despatched from London, Antwerp, Marseilles and Genoa, as follows :—

| | Goods Office Route. | Brighton Route. |
|---|---|---|
| For Malta | £ 60 | £ 80 |
| ,, Brindisi | do. .. 70 | do. .. 98 |
| ,, Naples | do. .. 145 | do. .. 130 |
| ,, Leghorn | do. .. 165 | do. .. 98 |

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, 1st March 1882.

## AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE :—

| | Captain. | Tons | HP. | To sail |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| s. s. AUSTRIA | ..G. Zurich | 1,709 | 400 | 27th Mar. |
| s. s. LAPHNE | ..G. Doncich | 1,957 | 400 | 8th April. |
| s. s. VORWAERTS | G. Marussig | 2,394 | 450 | 8th May. |
| s. s. ORION (new) | ..G. Mahorcich | 3,500 | 500 | 8th June. |

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| To Trieste .. .. .. | Rs. 400 .. | ..Rs. 280 | ..Rs. 140 0 |
| To Brindisi .. .. .. | 400 .. | 280 .. | 140 0 |
| To Cyprus (via Port Said) .. .. | 375 .. | 295 .. | 143 0 |
| To Port Said .. .. | 320 .. | 255 .. | 131 0 |
| To Suez .. .. .. | 300 .. | 240 .. | 122 0 |
| To Aden .. .. .. | 170 .. | 130 .. | 95 8 |

## STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. ORION, Captain G. MAHORCICH, 3,500 tons, 500-horse power, to sail on the 2nd April 1882.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 13th, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE following three steamers :—

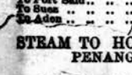
DARENE, appointed to sail on the 8th April,
YORWAERTS, do. do. 8th May,
ORION, (new) do. do. 8th June,

Will call at BRINDISI, and perform their passages AT INCREASED SPEED, thus reducing the average passage from BOMBAY to BRINDISI (via Canal) to 12½ days and to TRIESTE in 16 days.

J. JANNI,
Agent, A. H. Lloyd's S. N. Co.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone-circle, March 13, 1882.

## ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

| Captains | Tons. | h.p. | 1882. About |
|---|---|---|---|
| ss. HISPANIA ....J. Laird | 3 500 | 700 | 16th March. |
| ss. ROUMANIA ..T. G. Knox | 3,500 | 700 | 5th April. |
| ss. ARMENIA ....Geo. H. Read | 3,500 | 700 | 15th April. |
| ss. BRITANNIA..Hutchison | 3,200 | 400 | 30th May. |

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND GENOA.

| Captains | Tons. h.p. | 1882. About |
|---|---|---|
| ss. INDIA Jamieson | 2,289 500 | 29th April. |

N.B.—INDIA will call at Naples if passengers offer.
For rates and further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 18th January, 1880.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

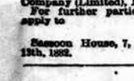
S. S. ST. DUNSTAN for LIVERPOOL, sailing about 15th inst.

S. S. LADY DALHOUSIE for LONDON, sailing about 18th instant.

S. S. ATHABASKA for LIVERPOOL, sailing about 29th instant.

THESE fine steamers have very comfortable accommodation for a few passengers. For terms apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.



COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and all PARTS of the GLOBE.

Arrangements for travelling through India are under the personal authority of the Government of India and the Indian Railways, and are intended exclusively for Travellers.

Coupons issued by the authorised agents of the Italian Government Railways, THOS. COOK & SON'S Offices, and Passengers from India, which will be taken up at Home, Florence, Milan, &c., at THOS. COOK & SON, Ludgate Circus, the Head Office of the European Establishment, founded in 1841.

Passengers can be booked from [illegible] Agents.

FOR SALE, [illegible] BOILED COCOANUT OIL, [illegible] OKELL, Agents to [illegible] & Co., Calcutta. Apollo Street, Bombay.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEST MOCHA COFFEE,

ROASTED and ground by a first-rate London Roaster, in hermetically sealed tins of 1 lb. each Cash, Re. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

PURE COD-LIVER OIL

THE only kind authorised by the Medical Council, and prescribed by the principal Physicians and Surgeons—of a pale straw colour and almost entirely free from taste or smell. Is taken freely without nausea, or the other unpleasant symptoms which are produced by "Light Brown" and other impure oils.

"The *pure fresh oil* from the liver of the cod is more beneficial in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption than any agent medicinal, dietetic, or regiminal, that has yet been employed."—DR. WILLIAMS.

IMPORTED IN PINT BOTTLES,
Capsuled and Labelled with our Trade Mark.
Cash Re. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

TREACHER'S
SPORTING AMMUNITION.

BULLETS. GUNPOWDER.
CAPS. SHOT, ordinary and chilled
CARTRIDGES. WADS.
CARTRIDGE CASES. HUNTING KNIVES.
CARTRIDGE LOADERS. MEASURES, &c.

Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency for PIGOU, WILKS and LAURENCE'S
CELEBRATED "ALLIANCE" PRIZE GUNPOWDER.

Detailed Price Lists free on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

OZO,

A PLEASANT, BRIGHT AND SPARKLING BEVERAGE,

CONVEYING to the system the essential Elements of ANIMAL ORGANISATION—*Potash* and *Lime*, with the OXIDISING AGENTS—*Iron*, and the VITALISING CONSTITUENT—PHOSPHORUS; it is a DRINK *eminently suitable for India*, where the elements named, in addition to those which may be contained in the usual Diet, should constantly form part of the daily food.

*Its Nutritive, Tonic and Stimulant Properties* exercise a very beneficial action upon the ORGANIC FUNCTIONS, whereby the system is recruited, and mental and nervous affections dissipated; a feeling of buoyancy is experienced by BODY and MIND after its use, whilst UNANIMITY OF TEMPER, so essential to well-being in a HOT CLIMATE follows in its course.

Cash price per dozen Rs. 3.

Inventors and Sole Proprietors,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

LADIES' SHOES,

FOR DRESS, HOUSE, OR EVENING WEAR.

| LOW CUT COURT SHOES. | per pair. Rs. a. |
|---|---|
| BLACK VELVET, embroidered gold bead butterfly on toes | 11 0 |
| BLACK VELVET, embroidered with the new untarnishable metal beads | 10 8 |
| BLACK LASTING or PRUNELLA, embroidered as above. Very elegant and stylish | 9 8 |
| BLACK FRENCH KID, open-work toes, embroidered jet, gold, or coloured beads | 10 8 |
| BLACK FRENCH KID, plain satin bow | 8 8 |
| BLACK MOROCCO, neat fancy bead bows | 8 8 |
| BLACK GLACE KID, embroidered Coloured silk and bead toes | 7 8 |
| BLACK FRENCH KID, satin and jet bead bows | 9 8 |
| BLACK GLACE KID, embroidered heartsease | 10 8 |
| PATENT LEATHER, fancy toes and silk bow | 9 8 |
| BLACK MOROCCO, with fringe bow | 5 8 |
| LOW CUT SHOES, WITH BANDS ACROSS INSTEP. | |
| BLACK FRENCH KID, elegantly embroidered and raised flowers on toes | 12 8 |
| BLACK MOROCCO, embroidered coloured toes | 6 8 |
| BLACK FRENCH KID LOUIS XV. SHOES, embroidered with the new untarnishable coloured beads, on the toes, beneath ankle and on instep; exceedingly stylish and elegant | 16 0 |
| OXONIAN SHOES TO TIE FOR DRESS OR EVENING WEAR. | |
| PLAIN PATENT LEATHER, to tie with pale blue silk | 9 8 |
| BLACK FRENCH KID, beautifully embroidered on toes and beneath ankle | 13 8 |
| LAWN-TENNIS SHOES, fitted with best India-rubber soles | |
| BLACK MOROCCO to tie | 9 0 |
| BLACK KID do. | 9 8 |
| BROWN CANVAS, with Toe-cap and cross bands | 10 8 |

CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES
IN GREAT VARIETY,
FOR DRESS, WALKING, OR HOUSE WEAR.

BOY'S PATENT LEATHER DRESS SHOES,
CALF KID WALKING SHOES,
GLOVE KID WALKING SHOES,
BUTTON OR LACED BOOTS.
GIRL'S EVENING SHOES,
STRAP SHOES (three qualities),
KID WALKING SHOES,
AND BUTTON BOOTS.

☞ A worn Shoe is the best possible guide for size.
TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, 15TH MARCH.

FAREWELL BENEFIT
OF
MR. JOHN B. FERRELL,
when will be presented the sparkling Comedietta
DEAREST MAMMA.

Mr. J. B. Ferrell, Mr. Geo. Norville, Mr. T. Gillespie, Mr. J. Davies, Miss Eliza Gordon, Miss Emma Markham, and Mrs. Norville.

GRAND PIANOFORTE SOLO,
Herr J. Colonna.

To be followed at 10 o'clock by
THE COMIC DRAMA IN TWO ACTS,
A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Mr. J. B. Ferrell, Mr. J. S. Foote, Mr. T. Gillespie, Mr. J. Devon, Mr. J. Davies, Miss Eliza Gordon, and Miss Emma Markham.

Prices of admission as usual.
Boxes and Orchestra Stalls may be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS
BY
YESTERDAY'S OVERLAND MAIL.

Army and Navy Gazette.
Bells Life.
Bird O'Freedom.
Broad Arrow.
Engineer.
English Mechanic.
Fun.
Glasgow W. Herald.
Graphic.
Home and Colonial Mail.
Home News.
Illustrated London News.
Illustrated Penny Paper.
Illustrated Sport & Dram. News.
Judy.
Land and Water.
Life.
Mail.
Medical Times and Gazette.
News of the World.
Overland Mail.
Pall Mall.
Pictorial World.
Public Opinion.
Punch.
Queen.
Reynolds' Weekly News.
Sporting Life.
Saturday Review.
Spectator.
Standard.
Truth.
Vanity Fair.
World.
Weekly Scotsman.

COOPER AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY: Meadow-street. POONA: East-street.

NATIONAL STEAMSHIP Co.
STEAMER FRANCE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above steamer are requested to TAKE DELIVERY at once from the Prince's Dock.

No claim can be admitted unless passed by Captain Hadley before the departure of the steamer.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation will be held here at 3 o'clock p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secretary, Town Council, Bombay, Municipal Offices, 14th March, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, Limited, Cawnpore, having decided at a General Meeting held on 24th ultimo to RAISE a LOAN on DEBENTURE BONDS bearing interest at six per cent. per annum; tenders are invited for subscriptions to the same.

For terms and particulars apply to
GAVIN JONES,
Managing Director.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

TENDERS will be received up to the 20th instant, for DELIVERY at Grant-road (Bombay), Surat, Broach, Baroda, and Ahmedabad of PARCELS conveyed by this Company's line, from the 1st proximo.

Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. MATHEW,
Agent & Chief Engineer.
Company's General Offices, Bombay, 13th March, 1882.

DOUBLE WALL ICE JUGS,
PRESERVE ICE OR ICED DRINKS,
CHAMPAGNE OR CLARET CUP,

At a low temperature for a much longer period than other vessels. The constant use of them is attended with

GREAT CONVENIENCE AND ECONOMY.

Richly plated with silver, in a variety of handsomely chased patterns, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 60.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

MAHABLESHWAR CLUB.
NOTICE.

MEMBERS are informed that the new Club premises consisting of Dining, Billiard, Smoking, Card, Dressing, Bath and other rooms are now furnished, and will be ready for the reception of members by the 20th of March.

There are fourteen sets of chambers completely furnished, ready for occupation, for which application should be made to the undersigned.

W. H. CROWE,
Pro tem. Honorary Secretary.
Poona Districts, March 13.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MARINE BRANCH.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 6.)
HINDOSTAN—WEST COAST.
NORTH CANARA.
SUNKEN DANGER OFF MODESHWUR CAPE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a dangerous rock has been discovered lying three miles westward of Modeshwur Cape, North Canara Coast.

This danger *(Dart rock)* is reported to consist of rock about a quarter of a cable in extent in a N. N. W. and S. S. E. direction. It has a depth of about 10 feet on it at low water, and lies with the following bearings and distances :—

Jali Kund or Hog Island, S. S. E. ..... distant 5¼ miles,
Modeshwur Cape, E. by N. ..... ,, 3·0 ,,
Netrun, or Pigeon island, S. W. by W. .. ,, 7·0 ,,

which place the rock in Lat. 14° 4′ 55″ N., Long. 74° 25′ 10″ E. A depth of 7 to 8 fathoms, mud, was obtained round the rock, with the exception of a shoal cast of 3½ fathoms, rock, about a cable's length to the eastward of it.

NOTE.—This danger, unless the sea is actually breaking upon it, is not discernible; great caution is therefore necessary when navigating in its vicinity.

(Bearings are Magnetic. Variation, 1° 0′ Easterly in 1882.)

By direction of the Government of India,
A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.
MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, Calcutta, 24th Feb., 1882.

This Notice affects the following :—
BRITISH ADMIRALTY Charts Nos. 774, 2737, 826 and 827.
,, ,, West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, (1880), page 106.
INDIAN MARINE SURVEY Charts Nos. 15, 15*a* and 1257*a*.
*See* also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 399.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MARINE BRANCH.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 7.)
HINDOSTAN—WEST COAST.
BOMBAY HARBOUR APPROACHES.
FISHING-STAKES.

THE Port Officer, Bombay, has notified that the whole area of the sea off the entrance to the Port of Bombay, comprehended between the Kenery and Prongs Island Light-houses, bearing East respectively, is now preserved clear of fishing-stakes, and will be so maintained; but that to the north and south of this area there is no restriction as to the position in which fishing-stakes may be placed: consequently in the passage with the Prongs Light-house bearing N. N. E. E. which formerly existed, should not now be used.

When coming from the southward, vessels must bring Kenery Light to the southward of East before steering for the Outer Light-ship.

When approaching from the northward, vessels must bring the Prongs Light to northward of East before steering in.

(Bearings are Magnetic. Variation 1° 7′ Easterly in 1882.)

By direction of the Government of India,
A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.
MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, Calcutta, 25th Feb. 1882.

This Notice affects the following :—
BRITISH ADMIRALTY Charts Nos. 2021, 737, 2736, and 826.
Sailing Directions, West Coast of Hindostan Pilot (1880), pages 100 & 174.
INDIAN MARINE SURVEY Charts Nos. 15 and 1257*a*. and cancels Chart No. 67.
*See* also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 374.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

By order of H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble the Govr., in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel,
Secy., to the Govt. of Bombay,
Marine Department.

PALE NORWEGIAN
COD LIVER OIL.

OUR importations of this Oil cannot be excelled. Norway is now admitted to be the best producing coast in the world, the low temperature there available for extraction, and the celerity with which the process is performed and filtration effected, ensuring absolute freedom from rancidity. We are guaranteed the best Oil of each season.

Per bottle, Re. 1-4.
Per dozen bottles, Rs. 12.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE BEST, PUREST AND
MOST WHOLESOME
NON-INTOXICATING DRINKS
MANUFACTURED IN INDIA.

CASH PRICE LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| TREACHER and Co.'s GINGER ALE, per doz. Re. 1-8. | TREACHER and Co.'s LIME-ADE, per doz. Re. 1-8. |
| TREACHER and Co.'s SODA WATER, per doz. as. 12. | TREACHER and Co.'s TONIC WATER, per doz. Re. 1. |
| TREACHER and Co.'s LEMONADE, per doz. Re. 1. | TREACHER and Co.'s GINGERADE, per doz. Re. 1. |
| TREACHER and Co.'s POTASH WATER, per doz. as. 12. | TREACHER and Co.'s AERATED WATER, per doz. as. 12. |

TREACHER and Co.'s OZO, per doz. Rs. 3, bottles included.

TREACHER'S GINGER ALE, is highly aromatic and pleasingly pungent to the palated; the various ingredients of which it is composed are proportioned to a nicety, and the utmost care and cleanliness ("as with all our Aerated Waters") are exercised in its production.

TREACHER'S LIME-ADE, is a delicious carbonated preparation of the Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice, an antiscorbutic, blood-purifying drink of superior character, making as a companion to our much admired Ginger Ale. It is cooling and refreshing at all times, healthful and suited to the present season, and being of full citricity and flavour is palatable and agreeable both as a medicinal agent and as a beverage.

TREACHER'S SODA AND POTASH WATERS, are by the aid of steam power charged with Gas at the greatest possible pressure, and thereby rendered sparkling and agreeable in the highest degree.

TREACHER'S TONIC WATER, is unequalled for delicacy of flavour and tonic properties, each bottle containing a definite quantity of Quinine presented in an agreeable form.

TREACHER'S LEMONADE AND GINGERADE, are as flavoured waters celebrated for their freshness and delicious taste.

TREACHER'S OZO is a delightful sparkling health-sustaining beverage, a dissipator of mental and nervous affections, and a renewer of physical power.

TREACHER'S AERATED WATER, is thoroughly impregnated with Carbonic Acid Gas, and, being free from alkali, it is well adapted for admixture with Claret and Acid Wines. Alone it drinks sharper to the palate and with greater pungency than Soda Water.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld,
MANUFACTURING AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS AND AERATED BEVERAGE BOTTLERS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

WHISKEY, WHISKEY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of fine old Campbelton and Glen Isla ranks among the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft spirit genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKEY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from the distillers, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen Rs. 23; per bottle Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
FOUNDED IN 1815.

Our Wine List is too long and comprises too many descriptions for an advertisement. Write for particulars to either of our Houses.

Prices are consistent with good quality. We are not general, but exclusively, Wine Merchants. Terms, both Cash and Credit.

GLENLIVET WHISKY.
REGISTERED TRADE MARK—GLENLIVET.

THERE is only one Glenlivet Whisky, and the Proprietors are intending to prosecute those who infringe their registered name.

The agents for the sale of the genuine article in Bombay are
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.
PRICES AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE

Is a prompt and powerful Tonic; adapted to patients of all ages, and incapable of deranging the most delicate functions. In Nervous and Muscular Lassitude and in want of appetite it is invaluable.

Per bottle Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

M. H. MAJU & CO., COL. HAWES' KANGRA VALLEY TEA AGENCY in Elphinstone-circle and their INDIAN TEA EMPORIUM in Hornby-Row have been removed to their new and extensive premises in No. 22, CHURCH GATE STREET, Fort, near the Warsaw Hair Cutting Saloons.

M. H. MAJU & CO.,
Sole Agents.
Col. Hawes' Monsimbul Estate.
Bombay, 20th February, 1882.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

THOMSON & TAYLOR have just received several very superior musters of

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS,

| comprising | Rs. as. |
|---|---|
| Havanna Shaped "Morning Clouds," a small cheerot suitable for smoking at Chota Hajri or after Tiffin. | Per box of 100 1 12 |
| Havanna Shaped ... ,, | 2 0 |
| Thomson's Muster ... ,, | 1 12 |
| Dawson's Muster ... ,, | 1 12 |
| Noble's Muster ... ,, | 1 12 |

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR'S
"LAVENDER WATER"

IS an exquisite perfume, prepared with the purest English oil of Lavender, combined with other pleasing ingredients, and free from the sickly odour of most ordinary perfumes.

Price Rs. 2 and 3-8 per bottle.

"FRAGRANT DENTALINE"

is a delicately flavoured mouth-wash, has the effect of hardening the gum, cleansing the teeth, and preventing tartar.

Price per bottle Re. 1-8

"LIME-JUICE AND GLYCERINE"

effectually cleanses the skin of the head, promotes the growth of the hair, causing it to be soft and glossy.

Price per bottle As. 14 and Re. 1-8

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
5, Rampart-row, Bombay.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GREY North Country COB 13-3½, 7 years, very handsome, up to any weight, sound. Price, Rs. 350.

A. D. B. C. F. RIFLE, 12 bore (well converted from Pin) by Dougall, Lockfast action, charge 5 or 6 drams, in case with fitting, carries shell, solid or segment bullets, in good order. Price, Rs. 350.

A. D. B. C. F. EXPRESS 500, by W. and Y. Tolley, in case with fittings and about one hundred cartridge cases and bullets, in good order. Price, Rs. 350.

Above are all good, solid because owner wants R. M. D. Apply to Adjutant, Jalna, Deccan.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.

GUARANTEED to be a PURE EXTRACT of the FLESH and BONES of CHICKEN. Free from Fat. When dissolved in water it forms a most nutritious food for Invalids, Infants, and delicate persons; and in Sea-sickness and similar emergencies, it is frequently the only nourishment that can be borne by the patient.

Per pot, Rs. 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 45 per share, for the half-year ending 31st December last, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 20th instant, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register this day, at the Company's Office, No. 7, Hummum-street, between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p. m., on production of share certificates

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 20th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ઠાકરશી મુલજી સનસની કું.
*t.e.* THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.
Bombay, 14th March, 1882.

THE NEW GREAT EASTERN SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.—The EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above named Company will be held at the Company's Mill, Chinchpoogly, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of March, 1882, at 2 p. m. (Bombay time) for the transaction of the following business :—

(1) To adopt the Report of the Directors and the audited statements of accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1881.
(2) To declare a dividend.
(3) To elect two Directors in place of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

By order,
MUNCHERJEE NOWROJEE BANAJEE, Secretary.
Bombay, 14th March, 1882.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY the 22nd March, to WEDNESDAY the 5th April, both days inclusive.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ICE.—A Special Travelling ICE VAN WILL RUN DAILY on the Mail-Train, Bombay to Surat, from the 15th instant.—W. J. ESSAI.

BED ROOMS with sitting room attached, TO LET, in the Fort, with or without board. For terms address "Rufus," care of this paper.

45 RUPEES PER MONTH.—Furnished Rooms, with Board. Bombay Total Abstinence Boarding Establishment, 32, Apollo-street, Fort.

SHERRY.—A. Mackintosh and Co.'s very dry Pale Sherry at Rs. 15 per dozen. Sample bottle Re. 1-4. S. C. KOTEWAL and Co., opposite the Mint.

WHISKY.—Anderson and Co.'s Finest Old Irish Whisky at Rs. 16½ per dozen. Sample bottle Re. 1-6. S. C. KOTEWAL and Co., opposite the Mint.

FOR SALE, Empress TRICYCLE with double Brake, double Ball Bearings, double Alarm, Lamps, and all the requisites complete. S. C. KOTEWAL and Co., opposite the Mint.

VIRGINIA Belle per ½ lb. tin, Re. 1-8. The freshest, mildest, and most deliciously flavored tobacco for Cigarettes. HOWARD & Co., 30, Meadow-St.

YOUNG Men's Christian Association.—The Rev. R. Stothert will deliver a lecture upon "The Siloam Inscription" on Friday evening at 8-30 (Bombay time) open to ladies.

WANTED, a second-hand D. B. C. F. 450 or 500 Express Rifle by good maker, with case and implements complete. Apply to "P. C. H.," care of Messrs. KING, KING & Co., Bombay.

MRS. TAYLOR will offer this and following days a large consignment of Ladies and Children's Trimmed BONNETS and HATS from Rs. 5-8 to 30. 30 per cent under regular prices.

ALL kinds of wooden work & cabinet of any design executed to plan. Scantlings of all sizes and of any wood cut to order at Messrs. MUNCHERJEE DORABJEE & Co.'s Timber Works, Tank-bunder.

H. A. GEYER, 6, Elph. Circle, Bombay.—"I received the Sewing Machine, &c., all safe, and am glad to state that I am quite satisfied with every thing."—M. St X., Agra, 22rd September, 1881."

JUST unpacked a large consignment of Ball-room Party Transparent Candles of different colours, and also many other novelties of the latest fashion. BARTON & Co., General Merchants, Meadow-street.

DEVOE'S KEROSINE-OIL.—Apply to W. M. MACAULAY and Co., who hold the only stock of this brand in Bombay.

PILSENER BEER.—Just received a fresh consignment per s. s. Inchcultha. Reduced price, Rs. 5-12 per dozen.—SIGG-SULZER & Co.

ST. PAULI BEER.—Just received a fresh consignment per s. s. Inchcultha. Reduced price, Rs. 6-4 per dozen.—SIGG-SULZER & Co.

WANTED, a BANDMASTER for the 2nd Sind Horse at Jacobabad. Applications together with testimonials to be sent to the Band President.

GRAND Central Hotel, under European management. Board and lodging Rs. 100 per month. Board only Rs. 60, best table in Bombay.—G. AGRATI.

THE SEASON.—GREAT CLEARANCE SALE. Cheap! cheap! Do not lose this good chance. Come each and every at S. GREENBLATT & Co., Bombay.

IVORINE BILLIARD BALLS do not crack, warp or get out of shape, and are only half the price of real Ivory ones. Agents for India, JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay.

RUINART'S Champagne, green seal, established 1791. Magnums, Rs. 28 per doz.; quarts, Rs. 50 per doz.; pints, Rs. 26 per doz. Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

J. COCKBURN and CAMPBELL'S EDINBURGH WHISKY, Rs. 25 per dozen. Apply EWART, LATHAM and Co., 3, Church Lane.

H. SHARMAN-CRAWFORD'S Amontillado SHERRY, Rs. 23 per doz.; Vino de Puro, Rs. 24 per doz. Apply EWART, LATHAM and Co.

BASS'S Champagne Ale, bull-dog brand, bottled by R. Porter and Co., first prize at Melbourne Intl. Exhibition. In cases 4 doz. quarts Rs. 5-6 per doz.; 6 dozen pints Rs. 3-6 per doz. Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

PHAETON and Tonga Dawks ready laid to Mahabeshwar and Satara. Terms very moderate. PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Stage Coach Proprietor, Main St., Poona.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MAHABLESHWAR READY-LAID DAK. Comfortable Phaetons and Tongas can be had from Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, Civil Lines, Poona at a very moderate rate.

TWO and a half miles from Andheri station on the sea-side at Versovah, sites for Bu galows to be let at moderate rents. Apply to A. B., care of office of this paper. Bombay, 9th March, 1882.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—In spite of all worthless imitations sold at a little cheaper rate, we shall maintain the high reputation of our genuine machines which have the largest and unprecedented sales in the world. 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

"SIR FERGUSSON" Pressed Cigarettes (without mouth-piece). The favourites of the day. Most delicious, and of an exquisite flavour and aroma. Rs. 3 per 100. D. MACROPOLO, 9, Kalbadevie-road, 37, Meadow-street and Esplanade (Watson's) Hotel, Bombay

# ...CIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 14.

...elegrams of yesterday quote no change ...ere of any importance.

...iverpool Cotton Market was firm, and sales ... : rates unaltered. In America the re... were 10,000 bales, and both in spot and futures ... were the same as on Saturday. Arrivals are ... as closing with a hardening tendency, and ... quotations are as follow :—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ...ra, | Good, | F. G. F. Clause, | Apr.-May, | Canal 5 7-16 |
| ...a | do. | do. | do. | do. 5 13-32 |
| ... | do. | do. | do. | do. 5 7-16 |
| ...o. | Good, | Good Clause, | May-Apr. | do. 5 7-16 |
| | do. | do. | do. | Capt. 5 9-16 |

Our Cotton market here to-day has been a shade quieter. There are not many buyers at the advance of yesterday, and as Cotton is now coming in freely, holders are more easy to deal with ; but we cannot, so far, make any alterations in our quotations.

Exchange is quite unaltered since yesterday, and we repeat our quotations in all positions :—

| | Tel. | Demand | 3 months' | 4 months |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Banks..... | 1s. 8d. | 1s. 8 3-16d. | 1s. 8 7-16d. | 1s. 8d. |
| | | 3 months' sight. | | 6 months' sight. |
| Credits..... | | 1s. 8d. | | 1s. 8 23-32d. |
| Documents.... | | 1s. 8 17-32d. | | 1s. 8d. |
| Francs ..... | | 216¾ | | 218¾ |

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND SHARES.—Some business was done in 4 per cent. in the morning at 101 3-16, but it closes weak at 101⅛ ; 4½ per cent. unchanged at 108¼.

SHARES.—The market for shares of all descriptions is weak, and there is a general decline in spinning shares of Rs. 15. Parell Mill shares and National spinning shares have gone down Rs. 25, Manockjee Petit Rs. 20. Colaba Land shares have gone down to Rs. 795. In Press Companies shares in the East India Press shares declined Rs. 30 ; while there is a rise of Rs. 10 in Albert Press shares, Rs. 15 in Sind Press, and Rs. 5 in Mofussil. Bank of Bombay shares are lower by Rs. 2½.

FREIGHT.—Our Freight market is quiet and very little business is done at 32-6 for Liverpool. The s. s. Lady Dalhousie and Gleadowe engaged cotton for London at 33-9.

## BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

### BANKS.

| | Shares. | Am't. | Paid up. | Last Dividend. | Cash Rates. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | | Rs. | Rs. | | Rs. |
| Bank of Bombay..... | 20,000 | 500 | all | 5p. ct. | 705 |
| Bank of Bengal ..... | 42,000 | 500 | all | 10 do. | 810 |
| Bank of Madras..... | 10,000 | 500 | all | 5 do. | 90 |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | £ | £ | | |
| Agra Bank ..... | 100,000 | 10 | all | 3 do. | 130 |
| National Bank of India | 37,320 | 25 | 12½ | 2 do. | 103 |

### RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock ..... | .. | £20 | 218-3-0 | 5 p. ct. | 320 xd |
| Do. New £20 shares. | .. | £20 | 130-14-6 | do | 26 |
| Ditto ..... | .. | £20 | 65-7-3 | do | 72 |
| Ditto ..... | .. | £20 | 21-15-1 | do | 32 |
| B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co. | .. | £100 | 1,000 | do | 1,040 |
| Do. New £1 shares. | .. | £18 | 196-5-15 | do | 315 |

### LAND COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Byrere Land ..... | 7,500 | 150 | 150 | 100 | *13 |
| Mazagon Land, &c.... | 1,750 | 2,000 | 2,000 | .. | 24 |
| New Colaba Co..... | 4,000 | 3,000 | 3,925 | Rs. 60 | 795 |
| Port Canning Co. .... | 6,000 | 1,400 | 1,400 | Rs. 5 | 215 |

* For distribution.

### SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad S. & W. Company ..... | 600 | 1,000 | 500 | 90 | 1,425 |
| Parell S. & W. Co. Ld. | 2,500 | 400 | 400 | 50 | 275 |
| Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company..... | 30,000 | 1,000 | 100 | Rs. 10 | 120 |
| New issue ..... | .. | 100 | 50 | .. | 80 |
| Alfred Manufacturing Company ..... | 1,000 | 1,700 | 500 | 30 p. s | 590 |
| Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld. | 1,800 | 1,000 | .. | Rs. 50 | 805 |
| Bhowniggur Mills .. | 300 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 100 | 850 |
| Bombay United ..... | 900 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 70 | 930 xd |
| Central India S. & W. Company ..... | 2,500 | 500 | 500 | Rs. 4 | 700 xd |
| Coorla Mills ..... | 800 | 50 | 1,000 | 50 | 140 |
| D. Spinning ..... | 3,000 | 2,000 | all | nil | 545 |
| Empress S. & W. Co.. | 750 | 500 | all | Rs. 25 | 675 |
| Ditto (New issue) ... | 600 | 500 | 400 | .. | 540 |
| Golam Baba S. Co.... | 1,000 | 500 | 400 | 20 | 555 |
| Hindustan ..... | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 60 | 1,080 |
| Hydrabad Spinning Company ..... | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 70 p. s. | 1,175 |
| Jaiter All Spinning Company ..... | 600 | 500 | 500 | 50 | 690 |
| Jewraz Bialloo ..... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 70 p. s. | 1,035 |
| Khandelsh ..... | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 | 350 |
| Khatao Mackunjee .... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 60 | 925 |
| Madras United ..... | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 p. s. | 2,050 |
| Mahalukshmi ..... | 600 | 1,000 | 500 | Rs. 40 | 925 |
| Manockjee Petit ..... | 2,500 | 1,000 | all | Rs. 50 | 1,380 |
| Mazagon Spinning Co. | 5,000 | 250 | 250 | 15 p. s. | 247½ |
| Morarjee Gocouldas .. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 120 | 1,255 |
| National Spinning.... | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 30 | 1,115 |
| New Great Eastern .. | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 70 p. s. | 960 |
| Oriental ..... | 4,000 | 625 | 625 | 120 | 655 |
| Prince of Wales Spinning Company.. | 1,500 | 500 | 500 | 35 | 325 |
| Sassoon S. & W. Co... | 1,800 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 60 | 1,400 |
| Soolapore Mills ..... | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 p. s. | 1,150 |
| Sonderdas ..... | 750 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 50 | 950 |
| Southern India ..... | 500 | 500 | Rs. 30 | 55 | 675 |
| Victoria Mills ..... | 550 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 60 | 900 |
| Western India S. & M. Company ..... | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 50 | 990 |

### PRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar Cotton ..... | 1,0 | 5,000 | 2,850 | 50 | 875 |
| Albert Ginning Co.... | 10 | 500 | all | 18 p.ct. | 450 |
| Albert Press Co., Kurrachee ..... | 20 | 2,000 | 1,100 | Rs. 70 | 1,115 |
| Apollo Press Co. (small shares) ..... | 750 | 400 | 400 | 40 | 460 |
| Bellary ..... | 625 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 30 p. s. | 570 |
| Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co..... | 600 | 500 | all | Rs. 37½ | 465 |
| Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.. | 1,400 | 250 | all | 10 | 75 |
| Colabra Press Co ..... | 500 | 1,880 | 1,880 | 50 | 1,040 |
| Dharwar Press and Ginning Co..... | 500 | 300 | all | 30 | 240 |
| East India Press Co .. | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 120 | 1,115 |
| Fort Press Co ..... | 150 | 325 | 8,500 | 300 p.s. | 2,650 |
| French Press Co..... | 300 | 500 | all | 10 p. s. | 565 |
| Hind Press Co ..... | 400 | 2,000 | 1,500 | Rs. 3 | 620 |
| Mofussil Co ..... | 3,125 | 400 | 400 | 10 p. s | 340 |
| New Indian Press .... | 2,100 | 125 | 125 | Rs. 15 | 200 |
| Prince of W. Press .. | 120 | ..... | 1,500 | 23 | 2,000 |
| Sind & Puniaub Cotton Press Co ..... | 100 | 1,000 | 750 | Rs. 80 | 1,075 |
| Sassoon Press Co .... | 300 | 0 | 500 | 2 | 450 |
| Volkart's Press Co.... | 450 | 0 | all | 5 | 615 |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bombay Saw Mills .... | 100 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 465. |
| Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited. | 1,250 | 100 | 100 | 5 p.c | 144. (130d. |
| Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation. | 1,000 | 2,500 | 1,500 | 225 | 2,350 |
| Indian Guarantee Steam Navigation .... | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | 10 p.ct. | 10 |
| Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld. | 1,400 | 100 | 100 | .. | 100 |
| Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co. .... | 500 | 500 | 300 | 90 | 380 |
| Mechanics' Building Co. ..... | 4,000 | 50 | 50 | 3 p.ct | 12 |
| Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company.. | 5,000 | 200 | 50 | 5 p.ct. | 50 |
| Oriental Loan Association ..... | 5,000 | 20 | 20 | 10 p.ct. | 20 |
| Prince of Wales Fire Insurance ..... | 250 | 1,000 | 1,000 | p.s. Rs. 100 | 1,075 |
| Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld. ..... | 30,000 | A 10 | 6 | .. | 2½ |
| Do. ..... | 1,000 | B 100 | 100 | .. | 100 |
| Treacher & Company. | 2,000 | 500 | all | Rs. 90 | 970 |
| Thacker & Company. | 1,500 | 100 | 100 | 15 | 190 |
| Wynaad Gold Mining Co. Ld. ..... | 20,000 | 25 | 20 | .. | 10nl. |
| Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co. Limited.. | 42,000 | | 5 | .. | 10 |

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Athens, 1,493 tons, Captain W. Dwyer, sailed yesterday for Port Said via Malta, with a general cargo.

THE Steamer Pehlwan, 101 tons Nacoda, sailed yesterday for Umta and Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 90 deck passengers.

THE steamer Eustace, 1,109 tons, Captain J. S. Rotchie, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles (12th Feb.) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Calcutta, 548 tons, Captain G. Phillips, sailed yesterday for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. W. McDonal, Dr. John Lumsdaine, Mr. Jafferjee Vullybhoy, and 102 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer Coconada, 546 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, which, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee-bunder with general cargo, and the following passengers :—Captain and Mrs. Russell and family, Mr. Flenning, C. S. I., Mr. Madden, Lieut. F. Chapman, Mr. R. McGoverne, Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Patel, and 223 deck.

### ARRIVALS.

| Mar. | Vessels. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Bokhara (s) ..... | Orman ..... | Trieste, Feb. 14. |
| | Eustace (s)..... | Brotchie .... | Marseilles, Feb. 12. |

### DEPARTURES.

| Mar. | Vessels. | Commander. | Destinations. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Athens (s) ..... | Dwyer ..... | Port Said. |
| | Pehlwan (s) ..... | Nacoda ..... | Coast & Bhownagar. |
| | Calcutta (s) .. .. | Phillips .. | Persian Gulf. |

### DAILY IMPORTS.—MARCH 13.

FROM GLASGOW.

Hispania (s)—25 hogsheads beer, Sir Charles Forbes and Co ; 18 packages white zinc paint, Pestonjee Nowrojee and Sons.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Thessaly (s)—100 cases brandy, B. and A. Hormusjee ; 33 cases clocks, Hajee Esmail Abdoola.

Sicily (s)—50 cases sisters, the Agra Bank.

Inchciutha (s)—95 kegs iron nails, Vally Woosman.

Wistow Hall (s)—6 bales casing and 6 blacking papers, Rustomjee Sorabjee ; 5 cases writing papers, Dyebaly Mahamedally.

FROM LONDON.

Perim (s)—8 cases sheet glass, Essoofally Abdoolally ; 13 cases burners and 30 cases slate pencils, John S. Elmore and Co ; 69 cases glassware, Nanjee Canjee ; 5 cases brandy, 10 cases whiskey and 10 cases port, Cutler, Palmer and Co ; 16 cases oilmanstores, Abdoolally Hiptoola ; 66 cases matches, Abdoolally Shaik Adam ; 15 casks glassware, Mahomedally Nuzmoodin ; 47 packages b... Co ; 8 cases provisions, W. J. ...ap papers, Hajee Joonus Hajee ...ish, Nuzarally Surufally and C... ...ds and 1 case papers and station... ...aik Dawood ; 25 cases watches, ...an ; 7 packages earthenware, ... oilmanstores and 20 cases ...orts, Shrutally Hiptoola ; 100 cases ...ee, Sands and Co ; 52 cases prov... ...us-jee Bottlewalla.

Hartlepool (s), 50 cases can de co... ...and Co ; 100 cases whiskey, ... kegs bird shots, Soomar Ve... ...ons and 10 boxes candles, W. J. E... ...ore, Esoofally Sumsoodin ; 25 ... ...lee Manockjee Punthakey ; 7... ...are, Soomar Bhima ; 21 cases con... ...ba and Co.

Indus (s)—26 cases sherry, D. S. ... ...es oilmanstores, hams, bacon, ch... Co. France (s)—30 cases oilmanstores ... ...w-sajee Dadabhoy.

Albuera (s)—200 drums linseed oil, and 50 drums turpentine, Tyebally Chandabhoy.

Lady Dalhousie (s)—50 cases geneva, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 50 cases geneva, Dajeebhoy Dadabhoy.

FROM NEW YORK.

Hispania (s), 25 cases clocks, Hajee Oosmall Tarmahomed.

MARCH 14.

FROM GLASGOW.

Hispania (s)—50 cases sulphuric acid, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 25 drums turpentine, 4 casks white lead and 8 casks paint of sorts, Adamjee Jewajee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Wistow Hall (s)—50 cases slates, Essoofally Sumsoodin.

Hispania (s)—3 packages earthenware, Ludha Visram ; 8 crates earthenware, Soomar Veera ; 277 kegs iron nails, Tyebjee Adamjee ; 50 cases yellow metal sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co.

Inchciutha (s)—76 kegs iron nails, Abdool Hoosein Tyebjee.

Rydal Hall (s)—10 bales papers, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 15 crates earthenware, Allarakhia Soujee.

Hartlepool (s)—14 packages confectionery, Tyebjee Adamjee ; 10 cases whiskey, Cutler Palmer and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Perim (s)—20 cases oilmanstores, Essoofally Sumsoodin ; 7 packages stationery, Abdool Koyam Tyebally ; 18 packages glassware, Tyebally Sumsoodin ; 20 cases prussian blue, H. Forzashaw and Co ; 13 casks glassware, Geo. Jenning and Co ; 13 cases burners and 50 cases slate pencils, John S. Elmore and Co ; 230 kegs red lead and 375 kegs steel, Owen and Okell ; 100 cases copper sheets, Framjee Sands and Co ; 69 packages glassware, Nanjee Canjee.

Albura (s)—9 drums linseed oil, Abdoola Hoosein Tyebjee ; 25 drums linseed oil, Lookmanjee Sumsoodin ; 125 cases empty sodawater bottles, Manuckjee Poonja and sons.

France (s)—53 cases yellow metal sheets, Lyon and Co ; 25 cases oilmanstores, Bomanjee Sorabjee ; 50 cases copper sheets, Killick Nixon and Co ; 22 casks glassware, Sally Mahamed Fazull ; 19 packages glassware, Ganjee Poonja ; 3 cases blacking and 115 boxes candles, Shrutally Hiptoola.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

A. J. Marshall—750 cwts. myrabolams, Jetta Purshotum ; 222 bales cotton, Chugonmall Dowlutram.

Khimjee Oodhowjee—30 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore & Co. ; 750 bales cotton Wallace Co.

Citadel—320 cwts. bones, Peerbhoy Damjee.

Plessey (s)—30 bales hemp, Anundjee Khuttow ; 65 bales wool, Jewandass Premjee.

Marana (s)—15 bales cotton, Merwanjee Burjorjee & Co. ; 22 bales cotton, Kessowjee Toolseedas & Co. ; 1 bale cotton and 1 bale cotton waste, Hunmuntram Pity.

Athabasca (s)—1,000½ cwts. bones, Currimbhoy Namjee ; 54 bales cotton, Kessowjee Hamjee ; 300 bales cotton, Gaddum & Co. ; 1,600 cwts. wheat, Mooljee Nursee.

St. Columbia (s)—81 bales cotton, Heeralall Chimonram ; 170 bales cotton, John Marshall and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Oojmal Vukhutchund ; 55 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

St. Dunstan (s)—67 bales hemp rope, Dewjee Bhanjee ; 12 bales wool, Narrandass Nursee ; 100 bales cotton, Wallace and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 93 bales cotton, Tricumjee Mooljee and Co ; 500 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.

Shaikh (s)—45 bales wool and 35 bales cotton, Peraj Luckmedass ; 108 bales cotton, Wagjee Dewjee ; 50 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 82 bales cotton, Thos H. Moore and Co ; 200 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co ; 125 bales cotton, John Marshall ; 600 bales cotton, Peo... Cassels and Co ; 280 cwts bones, Peerbhoy Damjee ; 500 cwts myrabolams, Jetta Purshotum ; 754 cwts myrabolams and 52½ cwts nuxvomica, Jetta Purshotum ; 105 bales cotton, Okeeda Khetsee ; 53 bales wool, Beecherdass Prugjee.

Hispania (s)—496 cwts myrabolans and 76 cwts beda nuts, Jairam Dayall ; 150 cwts linseed, Cursetjee and Nuthoo hoy ; 110 bales wool, Nanjee Hunjeer ; 600 bales cotton Lang, Moir and Co. ; 8,000 cwts wheat, Kessowjee Toolsidass and Co. ; 10,002 cwts linseed, Wallace and Co. ; 1,600 cwts wheat, Mottee Jaitha ; 1,000 cwts wheat, Bapty Brothers ; 1,100 cwts linseed, Khimjee Luckmedass and Co. ; 54 bales cotton, Chuvanjee Chapsee.

France (s)—138 cwts linseeds, Hututoom Mooljee ; 1,064 cwts wheat, Govindjee Madhowjee ; 600 cwts wheat, Ludha Cullianjee ; 3,300 cwts wheat, Mugniram Munsookdass ; 1,000 cwts wheat, Lalljee Voomee and Co. ; 100 bales cotton, Mooljee Jewraz and Co. ; 150 cwts linseed, Cursetjee Nuthoobhoy and Co. ; 8,000 cwts wheat, Kessowjee Toolseedass.

Shevington (s)—100 casks castor oil and and 500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 135 bales cotton Nanchund Jewar.

Rydal Hall (s)—145 cwts coir yarn, Finlay, Muir and Co. ; 125 cwts coir yarn, Tejsee Assoo.

FOR LONDON.

Lady Dalhousie (s)—75 cwts mother o'pearl shells, Ruzubally Allyruza ; 176 cwts wheat, Vulubdass Runchordass ; 50 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co.

Gleadowe (s)—62 cwts gania, Soonderdass Jairam ; 12 cwts croton seed, D. F. Bathia and Co ; 400 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 1,100 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co. ; 5 bales hides, Bhimjee Tajun ; 21 bales hides and skins, Peerbhoy Damjee ; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 50 bales cotton, A. Blaschock and Co ; 235 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 102 cwts cloves Vishram Edoran and Co.

Rosetta (s)—62 cwts aloes succotra, Currimally Shriff Cassumbhoy ; 250 cwts horns, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy 10 cwts ilis maws, Dawoodbhoy Hassan ; 109 cwts ginger, Ludhabhoy Chuttoo ; 2,006 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co ; 5 bales hides, Bundally Esmail ; 12 bales skin, Sayed Ahmed Meera and Co ; 9 bales skins, P. M. Syed Seerazoodin ; 14 bales skins, Vana Ana S. M. S. and Co ; bales skins, Poolay and Co ; 7 bales hides, Heerjeebhoy Ismail ; 6 bales carpets 1 bale skins and 8 cwts horns, Hajee Allarakhia Nuthoo ; 4 bales skins, Shuriff Jaffer and Co ; 13 bales skins, Bhimjee Megjee ; 11½ cwts ivory, Abdoo remon Ahmed.

FOR HAVRE.

Bringburn (s)—1,251 bundles rattans, The A. H. Lloyd Co ; 1,650 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 800 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 2,000 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 2,000 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 2,200 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuart and Co ; 50 bales cotton and 800 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 600 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Woodhorn (s)—6,000 cwts groundnuts, Sigg-Sulzer and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Mourino (s)—100 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co ; 110 bales cotton, A. Blaschock and Co ; 71 bales cotton waste, John Marshall.

Florence (s)—781 cwts wheat and 150 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Dallam Tower (s)—200 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapaty ; 140 bales cotton, John Marshall and Co ; 100 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co.

FROM VENICE.

Dallam Tower (s)—700 cwts castor seed, and 200 bales cotton, R. Lupi and Co ; 100 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Bellingham (s)—2,001 cwts gingelly seed and 3001¼ cwt linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 2383 cwts gingelly seed and 100 bales cotton, R. Lupi and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 50 ba es cotton, Lyon and Co.

Lord Eslington (s)—50 cwt. wheat, A. Blaschock and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Marien (s)—3,544½ cwts gingelly seed, Ralli Brothers ; 2,400 cwts wheat, Lang, ...oir and Co.

Belli gham (s)—500 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 150 cwts gingelly seed and 500 cwts linseed, L. Singer and Co.

Sportsman (s)—503 cwts coir, Dewar and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Chinsura (s)—150 bales cotton, C. Rustomjee Sethna and Co ; 282 bales cotton, Jokiram Ramchunder ; 55 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Lucknedass.

FOR HONG KONG.

Avoca (s)—1 case black cochineal, Fazelally Moosabhoy ; 100 bales twist, W. and A. Graham and Co ; 15 bales twist, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co.

MARCH. 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

A. J. Marshall—80 bales cotton, Lang, Moir and Co., 750 bales cotton, Sigg, Sulzer and Co., 200 bales cotton, William Bell and Co., 106 bales cotton, Munsooram Candass.

Khimjee Oodhowjee—200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and and Co ; 10 tons old iron, Edward Bates and Co ; 200 cwts bones, Nuzerally Purdhan.

Citadel—30 tons old iron, Rajaram Tyebjee and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Luckmedass Narandass ; 1,000 bales cotton, Sigg Sulzer and Co.

Twilight—200 cwts bones, Nuzerally Purdhan.

Plessey (s)—4,550 cwts linseed, Versee Dewsee and Co ; 100 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co ; 178 bales cotton, Lalljee Naranjee ; 6 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 50 bales cotton, Nusserwanjee Dadabhoy ; 50 bales wool, Runchordass Moorarjee ; 4,000 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co.

Marana (s)—262½ cwts gingellyseed, Sewjee Dhurmsee ; 100 bales cotton, Mooljee Jewraj and Co ; 35 bales wool, Pairajee Khan Mahomed.

Athabasca (s)—11 tons bones, Hudson and Co ; 4,050 cwts linseed. D. Singer and Co.

St. Columbia (s)—153 bales cotton twist wast and 50 bales cotton, Tokersee Jewraj ; 101 bales cotton, Ameerchund Lalljee ; 101 bales cotton, Pitamber Lalljee.

St. Dunstan (s)—200 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co. ; 75 bales wool, Pelly and Co. ; 800 bales cotton, Ritchie, Steuvart and Co. ; 150 bales wool, Govindjee Madhowjee.

Shaik (s)—325 cwts. myrabollams, Goculdass Jaithanee ; 400 cwts. wheat, Lalljee Poonsee and Co. ; 143 bales cotton, Ramchund Amooluck ; 400 bales cotton, John Marshall ; 300 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co. ; 109 bales cotton, Ameerchund Lalljee ; 100 bales cotton, David Sasoon and Co.

Hispanid (s)—40 cwts. coir yarn, Jewandass Vulubdass ; 1,300 cwts. wheat, Dossa Mooljee ; 129 bales cotton, Bhanjee Jewraj ; 300 cwts. bones dust, Currimbhoy Namjee ; 200 bales rags, Pragjee Heerjee ; 4,000 cwts. linseed, William Bell and Co. ; 100 bales cotton, Ritchie Stenarb and Co.

France (s)—10,000½ cwts. linseed and 3,000 bales cotton 4,000 cwts. wheat, and 150 bales cotton.

Shevington (s)—20 tons bones, A. McKenzie and Co. ; 800 cwts. wheat, Lalljee Poonsey and Co. ; 3,750 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co. ; 200 bales cotton, Sir Charles Forbes and Co. ; 100 bales cotton, Mooljee Jewraj and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Lady Dalhansie (s)—55½ cwts. mother of pearl shells Ludha Dewjee.

Gleadow (s)—200 cwts. horns, Jan Mahomed Peerbhoy ; 300 cwts. galbs, Aldridge Salman and Co. ; 63½ cwts. dry chillies Gopalraw Mayrall ; 23 bales hides, Goolam Hoosein Jan Mahomed ; 30 bales cotton, Glade and Co. ; 5 bales hides, Hajee Mahomed Jawra ; 477 cwt... gum, Hajeebhoy Lalljee ; 500 bales cotton, Sigg Sulzer and Co. ; 250 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co.

Rosetta (s)—20 bales skins, Lang Mair and Co. ; 63 cwts horns, Fazulbhoy Dossa ; 8 bales hides and skins, Pestonjee Eduljee ; 10 bales hides, Currimbhoy Hajeebhoy ; 18 cwts horns, Mahomed Carjee ; 9 bales hides and skins, Esmail Peerdina ; 9 cwts. fishmaws and 35 cwts horns, Mahomed Allana.

FOR PORTSAID.

Thessaly (s)—27,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Florence (s)—800 cwts poppyseed 3,991 cwts groundnuts and 3,000 cwts linseed. Volkart Brothers.

Monrino (s),—360 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co ; 600 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Dallam Tower (s)—300 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co ; 100 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

Dallam Tower (s)—100 bales cotton, Spinner and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Bellingham (s)—1,000½ cwts gingellyseed, Peel Cassels and Co ; 1,461 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Darien (s)—70 bales cotton, Sigg Sulzer and Co.

Bellingham (s)—800 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers ; 200 bales cotton, L. Singer & Co.

Sportsman (s)—11,000 cwts. wheat and 2,427½ cwts. gingelly seed, Ralli Brothers ; 200 bales cotton, L. Singer & Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Brinkburn (s)—195 cwts. borns, L. Singer & Co.

FOR CARLIFF.

Coniston (s)—110 bales cotton, Gungasur Bhugwandass.

FOR KABI.

Avoca (s)—25 bales yarn, The New D. P. S. & W. Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Avoca (s)—25 bales yarn, The New D. P. S. & W. Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Avoca (s)—25 bales twist, Hurnath Roopajee ; 50 bales yarn, The New D. P. S. & W.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 12.

Ashby, Lieut., 10th Bombay N. L. I., on leave, from Surat.

MARCH 13.

Chapman, Lieut., 25th N. L. I., on leave, from Bhooj.

MacGoverne, Sub-Inspector Army School, on duty, from Kurrachee.

Sandiland, Captain, 6th Regt. P. F. F., on leave, from Dara Ghazi Khan.

Bruce, Major, 6th Regt. P. F. F., on leave, from Kohat.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 12.

Ashby, Lieut., 10th Bombay N. L. I., on leave, to Burhampore.

MARCH 14.

Howay, Surg. Major, on leave, to Matheran.

Turner, Col., 2nd Belooch, on leave, to Poona.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

### REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, March 15.

Members are reminded that the class-firing of the Corps will cease on the 31st March. It is, therefore, requested that all members who have not yet completed their class-firing will do so as early as possible, as the Captitation Grant cannot be drawn for any member who has not completed his class-firing on the above date. The range will be open for class-firing every day during the month from this date.

The Regiment will parade on Saturday next, the 18th inst., for inspection by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. Fall in at the Gymkhana at 5 p. m., (Madras-time). Red uniform with helmets, arms, and accoutrements to be worn.

The undermentioned members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from the dates specified and posted to Companies as follows :—

Vols. J. Campbell, to D. Company, from 6th March ; W. Gillespie, to D. Company, from 7th March ; C. M. Rosario, to H. Company, from 3rd Feb. ; C. Smith, to G. Company, from 10th Feb. ; R. D. Avers, to G. Company, from 17th Feb. ; G. Macqueen, to G. Company, from 20th Feb. ; R. Menass, to H. Company, from 24th Feb. ; C. Dracott, H. Company, from 24th Feb ; H. Palmer, to H. Company, from 24th Feb.

Members going to Coorla for class-firing are requested to send to Head-quarters for their ammunition, there being none on the range.

By order,

A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt. B. V. R. C.

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, March 11.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

In consequence of the transfer to the Bombay Presidency of Mr. F. C. H. Snow, C. S., Offg. Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade, in British Burma, the following temporary promotions are made, with effect from the 27th November 1881 :—Mr. H. T. White, C. S., Asst. Comsr., 4th Grade, to officiate as Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade. Mr. G. W. Shaw, C. S., Asst. Comsr., 4th Grade, to officiate as Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade.

In consequence of the transfer to the Bombay Presidency of Mr. E. C. Morrieson, C. S., Offg. Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade, in British Burma, and of the return to duty of Mr. K. G. Burne, Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade, the following alterations of rank are made, with effect from the 16th Dec. 1881 :—Mr. K. G. Burne, Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade, to officiate as Asst. Comsr., 1st Grade ; Mr. D. J. A. Campbell, C. S., Asst. Comsr., 4th Grade, to officiate as Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade ; Mr. H. L. Eales, C. S., Asst. Comsr., 4th Grade, to officiate as Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade.

In consequence of the retirement of Col. H. N. Davies, Depy. Comsr., 1st Grade, the following promotions are made in the British Burma Commission, with effect from the 14th Jan. :—Lieut.-Col. W. W. Pemberton, Depy. Comsr., 2nd Grade, to be Depy. Comsr., 1st Grade, Major H. R. Spearman, Depy. Comsr., 3rd Grade, to be Depy. Comsr., 2nd Grade ; Maj. C. H. A. Gower, 4th Grade, to be Depy. Comsr., 3rd Grade ; Mr. G. L. Weidemann, C. S., Asst. Comsr., 1st Grade, to be Depy. Comsr., 4th Grade ; Mr. W. C. Midwinter, Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade, to be Asst. Comsr., 1st Grade ; Mr. K. G. Burne, Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade, to be Asst. Comsr., 2nd Grade ; Capt. T. N. Jenkins, Asst. Comsr., 4th Grade, to be Asst. Comsr., 3rd Grade ; Mr. J. K. Macrae, Depy. Comsr., 2nd Grade, to officiate as Depy. Comsr., 1st Grade ; Mr. M. J. Brooks, Depy. Comsr., 4th Grade, to officiate as Depy. Comsr., 3rd Grade.

The Revd. T. C. Shepherd, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, at present Chaplain of Hyderabad in Sind, has passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani.

The Govr. Genl. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. H. Rattigan, M. A., Ph.D., Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab, during the absence on furlough of Mr. H. M. Plowden, Barrister-at-Law, or until further orders.

The services of Mr. D. W. Ritchie, Dist. Supdt. of Police, Noakholly, in the Lower Provinces, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Comsr. of Assam.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. F. Blanford, having returned from privilege leave, received charge of the office of meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India from Mr. J. Eliot on the 6th March.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The following appointment is made, with effect from the 11th Feb. :—

Capt. D. W. K. Barr, Pol. Agent, 2nd Class, sub. pro tem., to be Supdt. of the Rewa State, in addition to his duties as Pol. Agent in Baghelkhand.

Mr. J. Lambert, Depy. Comsr. of Police, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as a Poll. Resident of the 2nd Class and as Genl. Supdt. of the Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity, vice Lieut.-Col. P. D. Henderson, proceeding on furlough.

The services of Surg. J. Scully are, on his return from furlough, placed at the disposal of the Dept. of Finance and Commerce.

C. Bhima Rao, Attache to the Resident at Hyderabad, is appointed to officiate in the 3rd Class of Asst. Comsr. in the Hyderabad Assigned Dists, vice Maulvi Muhammad Nizam-ud-din Hasan Khan, B.A., B.L., appointed Asst. Comsr., 2nd Class, pro tem.

Mir Ihsan-ul-Hakk is appointed to officiate as an Attache to the Resident at Hyderabad, vice C. Bhima Rao.

Syed Shamsu-ud-din Ali, Khan Bahadur, Asst. Supdt. of Police at Secander

# TELEGRAMS.

## THE EDUCATION COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 14.

It has been determined that the sittings of the Education Commission for the purpose of taking evidence shall be open to the public. The Commission will take evidence at the Town Hall on Wednesday next at 11 o'clock, and on such subsequent days as may hereafter be announced.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

*(By Red Sea Cable.)*

## TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE AT COSTA RICA.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

Advices from Central America state that an earthquake, causing great destruction and loss of life, has occurred in Costa Rica, destroying four towns. At the town of Alajuela alone several thousand people perished.

## THE BRITISH ARMY.

In the House of Commons last night the Right Hon'ble Hugh E. Childers (Secretary of State for War) in moving the Army Estimates, said that although there was still a considerable number of youngsters amongst the recruits, their character, physique, and intelligence were improving. The results of the improved position of the non-commissioned officers, the Right Honourable gentleman said, were very satisfactory. The Army Reserve now numbered 35,121 men. The scheme for the reorganisation of Cavalry would, he said, be postponed until next year. The Artillery reorganisation scheme divides the home Artillery into eleven fixed districts at or near the coast. The field and garrison batteries will be divided into groups. The Militia Artillery becomes Royal Artillery, and will be the Junior brigade of the Artillery district.

## THE BORNEO CHARTER.

A debate took place in the House of Lords last evening relating to the charters granted to the Borneo Company. Earl Granville defended the policy of the Government, which His Lordship said in accordance with precedents and advanta[ges] to the British interests.

## HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

The Queen has sent a letter to Sir Vernon Harcourt, in which Her Majesty says how deeply she is touched at the enthusiastic outburst of loyalty, affection, and devotion called forth by her recent escape from assassination. Her Majesty expresses her warmest and heartiest thanks to the highest and humblest of her subjects, and concludes her letter with the assurance that she will continue her unceasing efforts to uphold the honour and welfare of her dear country and the prosperity and happiness of her people.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this morning.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 13.

The Hall Line steamer City of Baltimore arrived from Bombay this evening.

GALLE, MARCH 13, 5-6 P.M.

The French mail-steamer Saghalien, from Aden and Mombay, arrived.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats declining tendency.

The London Cottoa Market has been firm..

Dholleras ..... 4 5-16

The Manchester Market has been steady.

Per cent. Rupee paper..... 84¾

Per cent. Do. ..... 91¾

Per cent. Consols for account ..... 100¼

Per cent French Rentes ..... 116

Silver ..... 52

The Agra Bank pays a dividend of 3 per cent. for the last half-year, and carries to the reserve fund

Arrival—Tenedos.

## THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, MARCH 13.
(Madras time.)

At 10 p.m. .. .. .. .. .. .. 76·5 Farht.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14.

.. a.m. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 74·6
.. a.m. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 81·7
.. p.m. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 86·3
.. p.m. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 84·7

From the 8th April till further notice, the *Gazette of India* will be published at Simla.

The Opium Act is extended to Coorg from the 1st April next.

Colonel Ivatts has arrived in Calcutta from Rangoon to take charge of the office of Secretary to the Board of Military Works. Colonel Ivatts, late Chief Engineer of Railways, has also [arrived].

Two fine officers, Messrs. Ryan and Beetham, have fortunate enough to bag a splendid tiger in the jungles of Nowgaum, Khandeish, last Saturday. The skin is reported to measure 8 feet 8 inches long.

We are informed that the members of the Victoria (Parsee) Theatrical Company, who have just returned to Bombay from Mandalay, are making preparations for a grand theatrical tour in Europe. Their performances will all be in Hindustani.

In the final tie of the Meerut Polo tournament the 16th Hussars beat the Rifle Brigade by three goals to none. The sides were, 10th Hussars: Allsopp, Fisher, and Greenwood; Rifle Brigade: Hornby, Wilson, and Sherston.

New rules under the Stamp Act are published in the latest *Gazette of India*.

An addition is made to the inland telegraph rules by a notification in the last *Gazette of India*, providing for the prepayment of replies to messages. Replies can be prepaid to an amount not exceeding ten times the cost of the original telegram, and the sender can add to his message the words "reply prepaid," or "answer paid," and also the amount to which he wishes the reply to be limited, free o charge. But messages sent from or to railway telegraph stations cannot have replies prepaid beyond two rupees.

The case in which Bal Gangadhur Tilak and Gopal Ganesh Agarkar stand charged with libelling Mr. Barve, State Karbharee of Kolhapore, was called on yesterday for further hearing, before Mr. Webb, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate when Mr. Barve's cross-examination was continued by Mr. Pherozeshaw Mehta. Mr. Barve said that he did not know how it became necessary to remove the natural parents of the Maharajah from the Maharajah's bungalow. As he was asked to carry out the order for their removal, they were greatly annoyed with him; and, he added, if the Maharajah felt the pain of separation from his parents, it would be quite natural on his part. Mr. Barve further said that the Maharajah never complained to him, or to anybody else, that he was suffering harsh treatment at his hands. The witness was deputed in 1878 to go in search of a bride for the Maharajah, and [he] made the selection of the girl who was [subsequently] married to the Maharajah. He denied that he was in any way connected, directly or indirectly, with the selection of the bride. The charges alleged to [have been] made by Anajaparkar [and] Bhide against witness were calculated to injure his reputation. He added that he had never directed the Kolhapore police to watch the movements of Nana Bhide, nor had he given instructions to them to arrest some of the persons who had put their signatures to a certain petition in favour of the Maharajah. The witness admitted that the police did examine four or five of the signatories to the petition. Mr. Barve was shown certain letters and signatures, and asked if they were in his handwriting, or written under his orders. He said that a few of the signatures were in his handwriting. Some others (he said) resembled his handwriting more or less, and as to one or two more, he pronounced them to be forgeries. Mr. Barve, in reply to further questions, said that a man named Luxmon Jamdar, who accompanied the Maharajah to the Rajkoomar College, did not treat the prince harshly; He had never heard that in consequence of representations made by the students of the college, he college principal dismissed Luxmon on account of his harsh behaviour to the Maharajah. The witness having been briefly re-examined by Mr. Little, the case was adjourned until this morning.

The reports of the Revenue and Agricultural Department on the state of the season and prospects of the crops throughout India for the week ending the 7th March are summed up in the following "General Remarks:"—"There has been slight rain during the week in a few districts of Madras and Bengal, in two districts of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in three districts of the Punjab, and generally in Assam. General prospects continue much the same as in the preceding week. The spring crops promise a favourable harvest in the Punjab, and are being reaped in the Central Provinces and Bengal with a fair average outturn, excepting in favoured places in the latter Province. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh the rabi harvest has been completed in some districts, and is still progressing in others, as well as in Berar. In the Madras Presidency standing crops are in need of water in some parts. In Mysore the sugarcane and Vaisakh paddy, the only standing crops of importance, are suffering from scarcity of water, but prospects are reported to be generally fair, prices being steady and pasturage sufficient. No remarks seem necessary regarding other Provinces, and the Native States, except that scarcity of water is felt in the Nizam's territories.'

Mr. C. P. Ilbert, the new Legal Member of the Viceroy's Council, was married some years ago to Miss Jessie Bradley, niece of the present Dean of Westminster.

"Gujarat and the Gujaratis: Sketches from Life," is the title of a little work that is being issued by Messrs. Allen & Co. The *Athenæum* says:—The author, Behramji M. Malabari, is, as his name implies, a Parsee, educated by missionary and other teachers. Of late years he has become known as a journalist in Bombay, where he conducts the *Indian Spectator*. Surat being his birthplace, there is much about the people of that ancient city.

Messrs. Henry S. King and Co. have published a "Travellers' Guide to India, China, and the East."

A telegram from Suez, February 23, reported that twenty steamers were in the Canal, and forty-five others were waiting at Suez for launches.

The trial by court-martial of Sergeant Mason, the man who attempted to shoot Guiteau, began at Washington on February 20.

The *St. James's Gazette* observes—Genl. Scobeleff is said to be in London, passing under the name of his deceased mother. A variety of reports are afloat as to his business here.

Says the *United Service Gazette*:—"Sir Evelyn Wood, since he arrived from Natal, had daily interviews with Mr. Childers. There was a natural disposition to find some employment at head-quarters for Sir Evelyn, who is ready to throw himself heart and soul into the work of infusing vitality into the Army under its new system, and the arrangements for filling up the position of Quarter-master-General will probably be made subservient to this end.

The funeral of Captain Selby took place at Constantinople on February 23. Lord Dufferin and the Russian Ambassador were among the mourners, and the German Embassy sent a deputation. All the despatch boats were well represented, and the crews of the Falcon and Cockatrice, and of the German Loreley, took part in the funeral procession. The Grand Vizier was represented by his private secretary, and the Admiralty sent a detachment of officers; in fact, nothing was wanting to mark the respect in which the deceased was held. About one thousand persons were present. Mrs. Selby did not arrive as was expected, having been delayed at Giurjevo by the snow.

Mr. Bradlaugh issued his address to the Northampton electors on February 23, and in a speech delivered to a crowd of several thousand persons the same evening he said he had made the best fight in the House of Commons he could, and that if the lectors again returned him, nothing but the grave should prevent his taking his seat.

We (*Daily News*) are requested to publish the following letter which Mr. Mundella has addressed to the editor of the *Morning Post* in reference to a statement which appeared in that journal:—"The statement which appears in the *Morning Post* of this day, that Mr. Bradlaugh was led by the arm into the voting-lobby by Mr. Chamberlain and myself, is a wilful and malicious fabrication; and I desire to give to it an immediate and indignant denial.

Some of the members of the Junior United Service Club are much dissatisfied with the management, and a general meeting is to be called on the subject shortly. The Junior, next to the Senior United Service, is the oldest Service Club in London.

In the House of Commons, on February 23, Sir G. Campbell asked the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs if he could state whether he had reason to suppose that the recent settlement of a boundary between Russia and Persia was of the nature of a cession of territory by Persia, as distinguished from a delimitation of the boundary between Persia and the Turcoman territory annexed by Russia on the basis of the *status quo ante*. Sir C. Dilke said that papers on this subject would be presented to Parliament in a few days. They would give the whole of the information which the Government promised in regard to this settlement.

Remarking that there has been some malicious gossip, as well as the usual laborious facetiousness, concerning Mr. Gladstone's refusal to receive a deputation from the agitators against the opium traffic, *Truth* says:—The fact is that Mr. Gladstone is of opinion that Lord Hartington is the proper person to receive a deputation on this subject, and as the Secretary for India would be obliged to discover some method of getting back the seven millions of revenue of which the abolition of the traffic would deprive India, he is unquestionably the Minister to whom the deputation should betake themselves. It may be added that one may justly call "sentimental" deputations is that one invariably produces another, unless the first is "sent away sorrowing." They remind me of a story of how Sir George Lewis "shut up" a deputation of bankers during the panic of 1857. One of them finished his remarks by assuring the Chancellor of the Exchequer that, "if he did not comply with their request, there must be a run upon them." "Yes, gentlemen," was the crushing retort, "but if I do comply with your request, worse will ensue, for there will be a run upon me!"

The *Athenæum*:—Sir Charles Macgregor, who is himself absent in India, has entrusted the MS. of his forthcoming work on Baluchistan to Mr. A. N. Wollaston, for publication by Messrs. Allen & Co. It is, perhaps, not generally known that the gallant and distinguished Quartermaster-General of the Indian Army, when returning from Europe a few years ago, took the opportunity of exploring a route from the Mekran coast through Beluchistan to Sindh, and in so doing traversed a *terra incognita* to Europeans since the days of Alexander. The appearance of his book will therefore be awaited with considerable interest.

"Atlas" can state, on the best authority, that the news from Ireland during the week before the mail left was the most satisfactory that the Government had had for a long time. "The Government is winning all along the line, and the back of the Land League conspiracy is fairly broken. Rents are being paid as they have not been for the last two years, and Mr. Sexton's anticipation that fewer rents will be paid in March than in October last will be signally falsified."

The Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland have, says the *Times'* Dublin correspondent, apparently been set in motion by the Premier's pronouncement on the question of Home Rule. It is stated that they are in treaty with the Board of Trinity College for the purchase of the site of the late Theatre Royal, as it is presumed the premises which they now occupy will be required for the carrying out of Mr. Gladstone's programme.

A number of copies of the *Irish World* were seized by the Dublin police during the week before the mail left. The issue is that of the 11th February, and its articles are said to be of the wildest and most scurrilous character. The Chief Secretary is denounced in the choicest terms for interfering with the Irish circulation of the journal, and the Dublin correspondent puts the question thus:—"Is a thick-headed, shockhaired, leaden-hearted old reprobate like Forster going to succeed in keeping out the light, or are we to see America triumphant and defeating this hirsute Forster?" The editor advises subscribers to get the paper by registered post from New York, intimating that failure to deliver in such cases would be a breach of the postal regulations, for which ten dollars per copy "purloined or mislaid" could be recovered.

A Constantinople telegram says that news received there from Yemen states that agitation has commenced among some tribes who had hitherto held aloof from the insurrectionary movement. On the other hand, the Grand Sheriff of Mecca has sent several sheikhs among the Yemen tribes calling upon them to join the Sultan's troops. After the Emir of Shekir took possession of Mekella, the ex-Emir of the latter place sent a letter to the Sultan of Zanzibar asking to be permitted to take refuge in Zanzibar, with a large number of followers. The Sultan promptly and cordially replied in the affirmative, and the ex-Emir proceeded to Zanzibar, where he has since remained. In "Turkish official circles," it is stated, "much dissatisfaction is felt against England on account of the assistance given by the Indian Government to the Emir of Shekir to enable him to take possession of Mekella, the Sultan being understood to lay claim to the suzerainty of that place."

The liquidators of the City and Glasgow Bank, *Truth* says, certainly have no reason to congratulate themselves on the result of their vigorous and prolonged campaign against Mr. Mackinnon, a former director of the undertaking. It is rumoured in Edinburgh that the costs of the proceedings will amount to £25,000, the whole of which the liquidators will have to pay; and having been defeated on every stage in the Court of Session, they have manifested a wise, though tardy, discretion in resolving to abstain from an appeal to the House of Lords.

Some stir has been caused in London by the sale to Mr. Barnum, the American showman, for £2,000 of the large African elephant "Jumbo," one of the favourite animals at the Zoological Gardens. Jumbo, who weighs about six tons, and stands eleven feet high, was brought to England when he was only four years old and was no more than four feet in height. He is now twenty-one years old, and as it is believed that elephants grow till they attain the age of thirty years, it is expected that he will yet increase his stature by nine inches. An effort was made to get the animal into a large box built upon wheels, to remove him to the dock for shipment to America. Jumbo, however, refused to enter the box. An attempt was next made to march him to the ship; but this also failed, for as soon as he got out into the road he knelt down and declined to move further. He was perfectly good-tempered, however, and made no attempt to hurt any one. He readily returned to his house in the gardens, where he has since been the centre of attraction. Jumbo's refusal to leave his home excited much sympathy on his behalf, and great efforts were being made to induce the council of the Zoological Society to reconsider their decision to sell him. But there did not appear to be much chance of his being allowed to remain in England. Mr. Barnum, the purchaser, had telegraphed to say that "fifty millions of American citizens are anxiously awaiting Jumbo's arrival," and that "a hundred thousand pounds would be no inducement to cancel the purchase."

## TELEGRAM FROM THE PRINCE OF WALES TO THE PARSEES OF BOMBAY.

The following telegrams have passed between the Prince of Wales and Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, representing the Parsee community of Bombay:—

From Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Baronet, Bombay, to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, London.

The Parsee community of Bombay, assembled at a public thanksgiving to the Almighty for Her Majesty's providential escape, desire me to convey to Her Majesty through your Royal Highness their most respectful and heartfelt congratulations.

Bombay, 12th March, 1882.

Reply from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the Hon'ble Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Baronet.

Pray thank the Parsee community of Bombay for their kind telegram.

## NEWS FROM AFGHANISTAN.

A correspondent writes to us as follows:—"Something having appeared in print respecting the surveys of the road to Herat, I may as well give you a few facts concerning the country between the Khojak and Herat. The road from Herat down to Kandahar is free from all such obstacles to railways as a range of mountains. It is well known to the kafilla merchants that beyond Kandahar, Kokran, Singure, Maiwand, Grishk, Helmund, and Farrah are places where watering and supplies of all descriptions required for field forces moving there, together with their transport animals, are procurable at moderate prices. Three stages beyond Farrah the kafilla merchants require to carry bread and water with them, but for two or three days only. The vicinity of Herat is well inhabited, and kafillas are supplied with all they need by the population as far as the gates of Herat. From Kandahar down to Chaman, the road resembles any of the Indian grand trunk-roads. From Chaman to Killa Abdulla the Khojak is the first obstacle in the way of a railway. From Killa Abdulla down to Dust or Darwaza the road is clear and fit for a railway. From Dowzan down to Kirta the road is not good, but this portion amounts only to four stages. The Harrui road is also impassable by railway up to Thull Chotiallee; nor are the localities good, notwithstanding the fact of their being inhabited by Kakerzais, &c. Beyond Badghan on the road to Herat there are a few rivulets flowing, which water and render the soil productive. The Grishk and Helmund rivers do flow like the Argundab, and Urgustan Kodoni, and Turnuk, beyond Khojak. They may be crossed in most seasons without artificial means. Under such circumstances the Russians would find it comparatively easy to come to the frontiers of India, if they like, with any force. It is highly improbable that the Afghans of this part of the country would take up arms to resist the Russians so long as Ayoub Khan appears to be on their side. Ayoub Khan is exceedingly popular among the Duranis inhabiting the villages situated on the road from Herat to Kandahar, Chaman, and Khojak. Achakzans and Duranis would prefer Ayoub to Abdool Rahman. In the small villages lying along the entire road from the Khojak to Herat Ayoub is spoken of with something like veneration. The people there generally sing a Pushtu song on Ayoub's defeat of General Primrose at Maiwand, and his subsequent siege of Kandahar. Shamshoodeen Khan, Hajee Sirboond Khan, Goolam Jan (his son), and Sirdar Haji Akhoondzada Mohomed Aleem, it is freely stated among the Afghans, became friends of the British, while at the same time they were secretly carrying news to Ayoub Khan. Mahomed Alum Khan, City Magistrate of Kandahar, caused the ears of a man to be clipped for publicly announcing the arrival of Ayoub in the vicinity of Grishk with a large force. Shere Ali's doings at the time of the Maiwand disaster are already known to everybody. Is it doubtful under such circumstances that the Afghan sirdars and chiefs who are now apparently loyal to the Amir Abdul Rahman would shake off the yoke of obedience if they found a favourable opportunity of doing so?

"Moreover, it is not forgotten that the Amir Abdul Rahman on e was a dependent of the Russian Government. It is a fact that Abdul Rahman has a few faithful Jewish servants and friends who are disguised in Afghan dress and maintain an Afghan deameanour. They are no doubt true to him, and he may rely on their friendship. But these same Jews are inhabitants of Bokhara or the places lying beyond Badakshan. Bokhara is called Russian territory indirectly. It was often stated in Afghanistan that a secret treaty existed between the Russians and Ayoub, and the belief in this never quite only dachshund in the show. This is strange, as these dogs are rather popular just now. Satan is a self-coloured dog, and has a very long body supported on very short bandy legs; consequently he is a good dog of his kind. Several good Brinjaris were shown in this class. About a dozen puppies were shown, the best of the lot being the Bedlingtons and the pugs.

The judges were: For ponies Col. M. W. Willoughby and Major A. Heyland; and for dogs, Sir Frank Souter, Mr. H. Cleveland, and Mr. W. J. Best.

A large number of people visited the show during the afternoon, the busiest period being from half-past five to six, when the ponies entered for the leaping prizes were practised over a couple of fences. As will be seen from the prize list, of the several ponies entered the judges considered Mr. Remington's Woman's Rights showed the best style of fencing, and Mr. Craigie's Wiry Sal and Mr. N. S. Symons' Flycatcher tied for second place in their esteem.

The Volunteer band was in attendance during the afternoon.

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("H. C." means highly commended.)

PONIES.

Class I.—C. B. Ponies 12-2 and under.

I.—Mr. J. R. Duxbury's Punch, 12-2.
II.—Mr. G. K. Remington's b d m Woman's Rights.
H. C.—Miss Dundas's Afghan Star.
H. C.—Mr. B. S. Dessai's Roostum.

Class II.—C. B. Ponies 13-2 and under.

I.—Mr. T. A. Elliot's c cb Red Pepper, aged.
II.—Mr. Craigie's b cb Dandy, aged.
III.—Dr. J. Findlay's c cb Old Sil, 5 years.
H. C.—Mr. L. Rivett-Carnac's c cb Romulus.
H. C.—Mr. Owen's w cb Balak.

Class III.—No entries.

Class IV.—Galloways not exceeding 14 hands.

I.—Capt. Melliss's g a Hero 6 years.
II.—Mr. R. Roberts's g g Dewi Wyn, aged.
H. C.—Mr. A. W. Lyon's Comrade.
H. C.—Capt. Alexander's b a Black Buck.

Class V.—Ladies' Hacks not exceeding 14-1.

I.—Mrs. Best's g g Fairy King 13-3.
H. C.—Mrs. Comber's b a h Comet.

Class VI.

I.—Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy's Pegu's Pearl and Ruby.
H. C.—Mr. A. W. Lyon's Pegus Magic and Meteor.

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2. { Mr. Craigie's g cb m Wiry Sal. / Mr. N. S. Symons' b cb Flycatcher.

DOGS.

Class I.—Grey and Deer-hounds.

I.—Mr. D. Morris' Greyhound Lady.
H. C.—Mr. P. R. Wilson's Afghan Schneider.
H. C.—Mr. A. D. Smeaton's Scotch Deerhound Prince.

Class II.—Sporting Dogs.

I.—Mr. P. Sorabjee's Spaniel Grip.
II.—Mr. M. Muller's Retriever.
Extra Prize.—Mrs. Aston's Wolfhound Duchess.
H. C.—Mrs. Stephens' Spaniel Rosie.

Class III.—Non-sporting Dogs.

I.—Captain Brown's St. Bernard Neptune.
II.—Mrs. Kemp's Mastiff, Oscar.
H. C.—The Hon. J. N. Graham's Tiger.
H. C.—Mrs. Blanc's Mastiff Barry.

Class IV. Newfoundlands and Colleys.

I.—Sir Frank Souter's Colley Tweed.
H. C.—Mr. A. W. L. Bayley's Colley Lassie.
H. C.—Mr. James McDonald's Newfoundland Hero.

Class V. Bull-dogs.

I.—Mr. C. E. Wilkinson's Bull.
H. C.—Mr. Prentice's Sally.

Class VI. Bull-terriers.

I.—Mr. Kirby Johnson's Punch.
II.—Mr. R. N. Mant's Chotee.
H. C.—Mr. Asquith's Fanny.
H. C.—Mr. Fisher's Gip.
H. C.—Mr. G. Whitehead's Bob.

Class VII.—Fox-terriers.

I.—Mr. F. A. Steel's Rose.
II.—Mr. R. C. Ogilvie's Fox-terrier.
H. C.—Mr. C. Martin's Skip.
H. C.—Mr. Gray's Tim.

Class VIII.—Smooth-haired Terriers.

I.—Mr. C. E. Kane's Prince.
H. C.—Miss Carnegy's Scamp.

Class IX.—Rough-haired Terriers.

I.—Mr. A. W. Lyon's Bedlington Tatters.
Extra Prize.—Miss Robinson's Dot.
H. C.—Mr. S. J. Watt's Bedlington Slut.
H. C.—Mr. N. S. Symon's Judy.

Class X.—Pet Dogs.

I.—Mrs. Crockett's Maltese Fuzzy.
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H. C.—Mr. Macropolo's Brazilian Said.
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Class XI.—Foreign Dogs.

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II.—Mr. G. E. Even's Dachshund Satan.
H. C.—Capt. Morland's Chinese Bruin.

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Class XIII.—Bitch and Pups.

I.—Mr. Pryce Weedon's Skye-terrier Rough.

Class XIV.—Champion Dog of the Show.

Captain Brown's St. Bernard Neptune.

## THE GYMKHANA PONY AND DOG SHOW.

We congratulate the promoters of this exhibition upon the excellence of the show of ponies and dogs yesterday afternoon. There were nearly 50 entries in the first division, and more than 120 in the second; and taking the exhibits as a whole, the quality was good. The show was held in the Government Mews on the Esplanade, and a better place for the purpose could not have been selected. Entering the Mews, we found the ponies under cover on the left and the dogs on the right, with a space roped off for the leaping competition. Viewing the exhibits in accordance with the arrangement of the catalogue, the country-bred ponies of 12-2 and under must first be noticed. There were some sturdy little animals in this class, and Mr. J. R. Duxbury's grey, which carried off the first prize, is a remarkably substantial little pony, very compact, and having capital legs. Mr. G. K. Remington's b d m is a powerful and symmetrical pony. A 11-3 pony shown by Miss Dundas is one of the strongest-looking animals for his size that we have ever seen. He appeared to be up to almost any weight, and well deserved the "H. C." which he obtained. In the class for cb ponies 13-2 and under the judges had little difficulty in awarding the first prize, which was carried away by Mr. T. A. Elliot's Red Pepper, an animal showing blood, bone, and shape. H. E. the Governor, who visited the show in the morning, greatly admired this pony. There were some really good animals in this class, and several of them looked fit for any amount of cross-country work. Mr. L. Rivett-Carnac's Romulus, a first-class pony, was highly commended, and would not have been astonished had he taken a prize. For Pegus 13-2 and under there were no entries, but there are undoubtedly some capital ponies of that kind in Bombay. The galloway class was not a remarkably good one, and as a matter of course the prize-winners were Arabs. The blue ribbon went to Capt. Melliss's grey Arab Hero, a first-rate galloper and capable of carrying some weight. Dewi Wyn, which took second prize, is a handsome horse and is very highly valued by his owner, Mr. Roberts, who priced him in the catalogue at Rs. 3,000. There were only four entries in the class for ladies' nacks, and the judges considered the g a Fairy King, belonging to Mrs. Best, to be the best of the lot. The three pairs of harness ponies exhibited were all good, and were all grey. Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy's pair are very showy.

Going to the dogs, literally, we noticed first of all the greyhounds and deerhounds, which were what traders style a mixed assortment, England, Scotland, Afghanistan, and Persia being represented in the eight entries. There could be no mistake about the English and Persian greyhounds, but the Scotch deerhounds were very mixed. The pure Scotch deerhound is, like the dodo, extinct, and so many curious crosses have been resorted to that it is difficult to say which modern kind approaches nearest to the original type. Mr. Smeaton's Prince, a dog about 27 inches high, black, smooth-coated, and like a greyhound but more thickly built, is probably a good deerhound; but with the smooth coat is objectionable in a deerhound. An extra prize was awarded to Duchess, a noble wolf-hound, belonging to Mrs. Aston. This dog is of great size, and has a smooth brindled coat. In the class for sporting dogs the best of the lot was undoubtedly Mr. Pestonjee Sorabjee's spaniel, whose good points won him the first prize. Mr. Muller's retriever, which gained the second prize, is a very handsome dog, and has a magnificent coat. Of non-sporting dogs there were some capital specimens. The champion dog of the show was Captain J. H. Brown's St. Bernard Neptune, of good size and weight, though only six months old. Neptune is a red and white, rough-coated animal, and is a fair type of his kind. Mrs. Kemp exhibited two handsome and well-bred mastiffs. Mrs. Blanc's mastiff Barry is a very fine and well-bred young dog. The colleys, the most intelligent of dogs, did not make a very good show. They were all Southern black-and-tan animals, of which Sir Frank Souter's Tweed was the best. The real Highland colley, with his grey or black-and-white coat, was not there. Only five bull-dogs were entered, and the ugliest, that belonging to Mr. Wilkinson, of course got the first prize. There appeared to be some misapprehension as to what a bull-terrier really is, for there was, properly speaking, only one bull-terrier in the show, Mrs. Aston's Puck, but he was passed over, and some dogs with no face worth mentioning obtained prizes. Mr. Steel showed three fox-terriers, and gained the first prize with Rose. Mr. Arthur's Pat had all the points of a first-class dog. The English and smooth-haired terriers were not a good class. A Bedlington terrier got a good place in the class for Scotch and broken-haired dogs, Mr. A. W. Lyon's Tatters taking the first prize. This breed of dog is getting popular, and it ought to, for a true Bedlington will yield to no terrier in the matter of dash and pluck. The smooth-haired Devonshire terriers with a long pedigree were exhibited by Mr. N. S. Symons, and they had a very game look. The pet dog class was, perhaps, the best in the show. Miss Myers exhibited a beautiful little liver-and-white King Charles, and Mrs. Crockett's Maltese terrier is one of the nicest little dogs of the kind that we have ever seen. There was a very fair show of dogs foreign to England. Mrs. Portman's pug Jumbo walked away with the first prize. This little dog is short all over and is, moreover, of good colour. His good points are numerous. A solemn-looking dachshund, answering to the queer name of Satan, won the second prize. He was the only dachshund in the show. This is strange, as these dogs are rather popular just now. Satan is a self-coloured dog, and has a very long body supported on very short bandy legs; consequently he is a good dog of his kind. Several good Brinjaris were shown in this class. About a dozen puppies were shown, the best of the lot being the Bedlingtons and the pugs.

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## INSPECTION OF THE HARBOUR BY THE PORT TRUSTEES.

The combination of business with pleasure is so rare a thing that the Port Trustees of Bombay never lose an opportunity by which the one can be performed and the other experienced at the same time. The opportunity is a yearly one, and it occurs only when the harbour and light-houses have to be inspected. Then that handsome little steamer, the May Frere, is boarded by the Trustees and a few visitors, and a short but very enjoyable voyage is made. The inspection for this year took place yesterday, and at half-past eight o'clock the Trustees and a party, which included several native gentlemen, went on board the May Frere from the Apollo pier. Breakfast was served before the steamer arrived off Kennery island. The lighthouse here was inspected by the Trustees and their guests, and both, we are glad to say, found everything to be in a satisfactory state. The population of course turned out to a man to welcome the visitors. Then the May Frere carried her precious freight to the outer light-ships and to the Prongs lighthouse. After this long journey tiffin was necessary, and it was enjoyed none the less on account of the cool sea air blowing and the lovely seascape which spread before the view of the passengers. When the inner light-vessel had been visited, the May Frere steamed to the Apollo-bunder, at which some of the guests were put ashore and from which others went afloat. There was afterwards a delightful trip around Hog Island, and at sunset the May Frere returned to the Apollo pier and discharged her passengers, who had all thoroughly enjoyed the outing. The arrangements from beginning to end were excellent, and Mr. Green, whose business it was to supply those refreshments without which the day's voyage would not have been so pleasant, deserves praise for the way in which he discharged his duty.

## DEPARTURE OF GENERAL LOCH FROM ADEN.

We learn from a correspondent at Aden, under date the 7th instant, that on the departure of General Loch for Europe he was waited upon by the merchants and others belonging to the port, and headed by Mr. Cowasjee Dinshaw (senior partner of Messrs. C. Dinshaw and Brothers). There were also present General Blair, the new Resident, Major Hunter, and Captain Sealy. Mr. Cowasjee made a short speech, in the course of which he recounted the services of the gallant General rendered to the port, the public, and the Government, which were highly appre

## BANKS.

**COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.**

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL .....63,200,000
RESERVE FUND .....4800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

**HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.**

PAID UP CAPITAL .....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND .....Dollars 2,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
J. M. GRIGOR, Acting Agent.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

**MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.**

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of L. A. Watkins, Esq., the receiver appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay of the estate and effects of the late Thucker Ranchordas Meghjee, deceased:—

LOT No. 6.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th March, 1882, at 4 p.m., all that piece or parcel of Government ground, with dwelling-house or dharamshala, situate at Walkeshwar, in the subdistrict of Bhooleshwar and containing 460 square yards, and is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 39, and bounded on the east by the public road, on the west partly by the property of Mangalgir Bawa, and partly by the vacant ground of Jugganath, on the north by the vacant ground of Pandoorung Sonar, and on the south by the public road.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Trebice and Dayabhoy, solicitors to the receiver, or to the undersigned.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 16th instant, at 1-30 P.M., the undersigned will sell by Public Auction M N & C. 1881—1 case dolls arrived per s.s. Manilla, on account of the concerned.

Also few cases red herrings, ox-tongues, and bacon landed per s.s. Hartlepool and bags, compasses, blankets, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 15th March, 1882.

**BENNETT AND COMPANY,**
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a few articles of household furniture, the property of a gentleman leaving Bombay, the same comprises glass and crockery ware, pier, circular, dressing, washing and camp tables, side-board, whatnots drawing and dining-room, arm and without arm chairs, sofa and reclining couches, iron four posts bed-steads, clothes, gown presses, wardrobes, towel-horse, &c., &c.

AT 1 P.M.

1 Handsome strong sociable carriage.
1 Cow in calf.

AUCTION SALE of a very valuable collection of choice and rare plants at Malabar Hill.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd March, at 7 A.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his residence No. 137, Malabar Hill, a very valuable collection of choice ferns, dracænas, and other flowering shrubs in tubs and pots, the property of Honorable J. Graham.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th March, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, the "Bee-hive," Nepean Searoad, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, by "Deschamps" and "Jamsetjee Nowrojee," rich crockery and glassware, handsome English-built, landau and a handsome English-built single seated brougham, both by "Wybura," of Long Acre, both in very good order, set of brass mounted double and single harness by "Grant," Bussorah and Khuium fowls, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of John Wardle, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

N.B.—The plants will be sold at 6-30 A.M. on the same day.

On SATURDAY, the 15th April, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at his residence, 168, Land's End-road, Mahalabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved household furniture, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, first rate double barrel breech-loading Fire rifle and gun in case, complete by "Wright," a firstrate five chamber revolver by Colt, rich table ornaments, China and Japanese vases, firstrate pictures and oleographs, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, a large durbar tent, handsome double and single hanging kerosine lamps, and a handsome English-built four-seated barouche by "Silk and Son," and a handsome fast trotting chesnut Austrian horse, set of English brass and plated mounted double harness, gentleman and lady's saddles with bridle complete, &c., &c., the property of the Hon'ble L. R. Ashburner, C.S.I.

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BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 15th March, 1882.

**CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,**
2, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Prince's Dock, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Dock premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th March, at 2 p.m.—

A quantity of grain sweeping, old wood and iron, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 12, Nesbit-lane, Fort, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated glass and porcelainware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Collard and Collard, &c., the property of Capt. Barrett.

Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 23rd inst., sale commencing at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, opposite the Mazagon Castle, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best electro-plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome pictures, rich table ornaments and flower vases, a strong bay riding pony with English-made saddle and bridle, &c., the property of P. Dewar, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF NAPOLEON PRICE & CO.'S SUPERIOR PERFUMERY.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

An invoice of Napoleon Price & Co.'s superior perfumery, just landed ex s.s. Hartlepools, comprising Price an Gosnell's real old brown windsor soaps, registered golden oil, marrow oil, frangipani oil, concentrated essence of white rose, Spina Rosa, Damask rose, Frangipani pomade, Saponified Glycerine soap, Chauvin's Transparent Glycerine soap, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 25th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Victoria-road, Mazagon, next to the Sassoon's Silk Mill, the valuable and handsome french polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome English-built mail phaeton and a strong built Landau, a pair of handsome bay Arab Horses, a strong grey Pony broken in harness, rich table ornaments, bronze figures, handsome China, vases, &c., &c., the property of Mirza Faizoolahan, Consul General for Persia in Bombay.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 31, Walkeshwar-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, rich star cut and plain glassware, best electroplated ware, and crockery, Mappin's cutlery, handsome brass and iron bedstead, superior engravings, English-made Gentlemen's and Lady's saddles and bridles, &c., the property of Arnold Wright, Esq., proceeding to Europe.

The property may be viewed two days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 30th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Altamont-road, Cumballa Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Maddier of Shoenberg and a rosewood cottage pianoforte in excellent order, a large size glass aquarium with gold fish, best oilpaintings and oleographs, real bronze figures, handsome China flower vases, rich table ornaments, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of T. Matheson, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at his residence, at Breach Candy, the very valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned solid mahogany square pianoforte by S. Rose and Co. (nearly new), a handsome English-built landau, a pair of handsome grey Australian horses, rich table ornaments, flower vases, bronze figures, pictures, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., the property of John Gordon, Esq.

The date of sale will be fixed hereafter.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 15th March, 1882.

**P. GRANT & SON,**
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

**JOSEPH AND MARY BHARRE,**
TAILORS, SHIRT-MAKERS, AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS, MILLINERS AND DRESS-MAKERS,
168, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT is superintended by a thoroughly experienced Milliner and Dressmaker, so we can confidently solicit orders from Ladies, and guarantee the latest fashions, style, and perfect fit.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT is under the mangment of a first-class Cutter. Gentlemen can rely upon having a correct fit and the latest fashions, and we can always guarantee perfect satisfaction. We solicit a trial order.

MILLINERY DRESSES and GENTLEMEN'S OUT FITS made to order upon the shortest notice.

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS made up at exceptionally low rates.

WEDDING and MOURNING ORDERS carefully and promptly attended to.

HATS and BONNETS trimmed to any fashion.

Prices moderate. See printed price lists forwarded on application.

## HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, from 1st April, the PREMISES now in the occupation of THACKER and Co., Ld. Apply to the MANAGER.
THACKER & Co., LD.

TO LET, with immediate possession, an upper-storied BUNGALOW, situated at Bandora, contains a drawing, dining, and three bed-rooms, and is entirely open to the breeze. For further particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
House Agent.
23, Meadow-street, Fort.

TO BE LET, one of the best BUNGALOWS on Chumbaila Hill, furnished, for about a year certain. For rent and other particulars apply to
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House Agent.
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## NOTICES.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPARKLING VIVONE.
(REGISTERED)

THE GREAT NON-ALCOHOLIC WINE ADAPTED FOR ALL.

NO taste too refined, none too uncultured, to appreciate it. In the ordinary emergencies of life superior to Alcoholic Liquors. Possesses a marvellous power of quenching thirst, and medical properties of rare virtue. Invalids should use it. It is often invaluable in the sick-chamber.

To the ADVANCED IN LIFE, the AGED, and the PREMATURELY AGED it is a FOOD.

Dozen, Rs. 3. 2 Dozen with Case, Rs. 6-8.

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SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

CHEAP CONTRACTORS RAILS for Earthworks, Quarries, Riverdams, Mines, Cotton Mills, and General Building Purposes, with wagons of various patterns and sizes upon Decunville's Narrow Guage System. For particulars and prices apply to GOSTLING and MORRIS, Consulting Engineers, or to the Patentees agents, L. SINGER and Co., 2, Hornby-row, Bombay.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Subscribers will be held in the Committee Room, Boys' School, Byculla, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd March, 1882, at 5-30 o'clock p. m. (official time), to receive the Report of the Council of Directors, and to transact any other business that may be brought forward. The favour of the attendance of all members of the Society is particularly requested.

The distribution of Prizes to the Children of the Schools will take place after the Meeting, the Honourable L. Ashburner, C.S.I., C.S., Vice Patron, in the chair.

W. P. WALSHE, Captain, Honorary Treasurer.
Byculla, 9th March, 1882.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country insured, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

*** A RETURN of 15 PER CENT. is allowed on Mills, &c.

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTH and FIFTH CALLS of Rs. 150 each are made PAYABLE at the registered Office of the Company, 5, Hornby Row, on or before the 3rd of July and 10th of August, 1882, respectively.

Interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Calls remaining unpaid after the above dates.

By order of the Board of Directors,
DINSHAWJEE MANOCKJEE PETIT, SONS & Co.,
Agents.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.
ધી ઇનડીઅન મેનયુફેકચરીંગ કંપની, લીમિટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIRST CALL of Rs. 200 per share is made payable on or before WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of March, 1882, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Fort.

Interest will be charged at the rate of nine per cent. per annum on all amounts remaining unpaid after the due date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ઘમાર ઠાકરસો મુલજીની કં૦.
*i. e.* DAMODHUR THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & Co.
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.
Bombay, 21th February, 1882.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PORTABLE COOKING STOVES by BROWN and GREEN, with oven 15½ by 13 by 10 inches. No brickwork required, specially recommended for economical consumption of gas coke. Price Rs. 40, including 1 foot pipe, damper and cleaning door.

SMITH and WELLSTOOD'S "VICTORESS" COOKING STOVES, on the American principle. Price Rs. 40, including poker, rake and spare fire-clay back.

Apply at GAS WORKS, Parell.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10: Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5: Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 20.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Carrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A pair of T-B. Walers (Mare and Gelding), 6 years old, 15-2 high, well broken, quiet and good movers in harness, Rs. 1,600.

A T-B. Mare, 6 years, 16 hands, thoroughly quiet in saddle and harness, and a good fencer, Rs. 1,200.

A bay Arab Horse, 5 years old, 14-2 high, handsome charger, carries a lady, and a pretty mover in harness, Rs. 750.

A grey C-B. Mare, 7 years old, 15 hands, well bred and goot shape. A capital saddle mare, Rs. 400.

A very handsome flea-bitten grey Arab Horse, 7 years old, 14-1½, very showy and fast in saddle and harness, Rs. 650.

A chesnut Arab Horse, 6 years old, 14-2 high, a capital brougham horse, thoroughly broken and quiet, Rs. 400.

Also a number of other Horses on commission sale.

ROBERT SCOTT & CO.
Girgaum Vety. Stables, March 9, 1882.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM,
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
Pir Market near Jumma Musjid

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagee's Powers Act, 1866," NOTICE is hereby given that all persons being CREDITORS of or otherwise having any claims upon or against the ESTATE of EDWARD MAHAFFY, late of Castle Villa, Castle Hill, Maidenhead, in the County of Berks, in England, Esquire, Doctor of Medicine, Companion of the Bath, and Surgeon General in Her Majesty's Indian Army, deceased, who died at Castle Villa, Castle Hill, Maidenhead aforesaid, on the 3rd day of October, 1881, and Letters of Administration to whose property and credits (with Exemplification of Probate of the Will annexed) were granted on the 21th day of February, 1882, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to JAMES THORBURN, Esquire, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co. of Bombay aforesaid, merchants and East India Agents and the constituted Attorney of SUSAN FRANCES MAHAFFY (widow of the said deceased), and HENRY POWLE REE, the Executors named in the Will of the said deceased, are required to send to the said James Thorburn as such Administrator as aforesaid at the office of his undersigned Solicitors at No. 26, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased, so as to reach the said office on or before THURSDAY, the 20th day of April, 1882; and after that date the said James Thorburn as such Administrator will remit the assets of the said deceased then in his hands to the said Susan Frances Mahaffy and Henry Powle Ree, or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased or having property of his in their hands are hereby required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said administrator.—Dated this 7th day of March, 1882.

HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Administrators' Solicitors.

## LADIES' SHOES! LADIES' SHOES!!

FRESH STOCK just to hand per s. s. "Peshawur," suitable for Walking, Dress, and House Wear. A large assortment to select from. Bought in the best markets. Defies Comparison. Inspection invited. Prices unequalled.

| | Rs. a. |
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| MOROCCO SHOES, Oxford lace with a neat bow. Per pair ... | 7 8 |
| MOLIERE SHOES, morocco, light walking. Per pair ... | 8 0 |
| Patent Golosh Kid-buttoned Shoes, for walking. Per pair ... | 9 8 |
| MOROCCO SHOES, with bows and Silver buckles. Per pair ... | 8 0 |
| GLACE KID SHOES, low cut, toes embroidered with black beads, and bows, a very cool Shoe. Per pair ... | 10 0 |
| COURT SHOES, with steel embroidered toes and fancy bows, beautifully finished. Per pair ... | 11 8 |
| COURT SHOES, fancy embroidered toes, fancy colored bows, very tastefully got up. Per pair. ... | 10 8 |
| MOROCCO SHOES, with embroidered toes to button with strap over instep, lined fancy Kid. Per pair ... | 10 8 |
| GLACE KID HOUSE SHOES, plain fronts, with a very neat small bow. Per pair ... | 8 8 |
| RACKET or TENNIS SHOES, in blue Canvass, with black morocco straps and caps, fluted rubber soles, very light and durable. Per pair. ... | 9 8 |

Racket Shoes re-soled with fluted or plain India-rubber. Gent's Boots of all descriptions in stock or made to order, Our well known make of Boots, for taste, durability, and fit are now famed throughout India.

Our great increase of business proves that for soundness of workmanship, excellence of quality and a practical knowledge of our trade we stand unrivalled.

DUNNETT & CO.,
CIVIL AND MILITARY BOOT-MAKERS AND SADDLERS,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

EDMOND CHARPIE,
WATCHMAKER OF BOMBAY, make
ESPECIALLY FOR INDIA.

FIRST CLASS CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, in strong neat nickel silver case, crystal front at ... ... Rs. 25
SUPERIOR HUNTING SILVER LEVER WATCHES, at ... „ 25

BOTH OF THEM are constructed to stand any climate and rough usage, and especially made FOR THE ARMY AND RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

Forwarded free of Package and Postage to any parts of India by value payable system.

For ANY OTHER KIND OF GOOD WATCHES from Rs. 14 to Rs. 1,500. Please send for catalogue of the well-known establishment of

EDMOND CHARPIE, WATCHMAKER,
MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

## MILLINERY. MILLINERY.

MRS. LAKE

HAS the pleasure to announce her arrival from England with a large and choice selection of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,
personally selected by her from the first Paris and London Houses.

MRS. LAKE'S

Long and intimate experience of the class of Goods suitable for India, coupled with a thorough knowledge of the best sources of supply in the European Markets, gives her

SPECIAL FACILITIES IN PURCHASING,
OF WHICH CONSTITUENTS WILL HAVE THE BENEFIT.

An early inspection of the Goods is respectfully solicited.
Wedding and Mourning Orders carefully and promptly attended to.

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Orders from Outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a remmittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

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MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
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## SOFT TROPICAL ANGOLAS AND INDIA TWEEDS.

THE above specialities are admirably adapted for wear in hot climates. The wool is beautifully soft, very light and comfortable in the wear, and the suit very moderate in price.

ASQUITH and LORD have a great variety of these goods in stock, and they will forward patterns to any part of India on receipt of written application.

PRICES.

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| Single breasted "India Tweed" Sac Coat and Trousers ... ... ... | 30 0 |
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LESS 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT, when Remittance accompanies order or if sent per V. P. POST.

Carriage and Packing Free.

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NEUBERG'S SPECIALITIES MANUFACTURED DAILY fresh and fresh and acknowledged throughout India as being far superior to the best of IMPORTED preparations, and combining every DESIDERATA required in Tobacco by Smokers of all degrees.

NEUBERG'S
"GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE,
The Prince of Smoking Mixtures.

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GOLDEN SHAG,
Deliciously Fragrant.

NEUBERG'S
VIRGINIA HONEY-DEW,
"An old Smoker's choice."

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN-LEAF BIRD'S-EYE,
The Bird's-eye for India par excellence.

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HAMILTON AND CO.,
SPECIALITIES IN WATCHES.

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES,
with best horizontal movements, jewelled in many holes, in elegant gold hunting or half-hunting cases, plain, or tastefully engraved, can be supplied at prices ranging from Rs. 100 to 280.

ELEGANT ENAMELLED WATCHES,
with cases exquisitely painted and enamelled in colours, in a great variety of styles and pretty designs with the same highly-finished jewelled movements in stock, at Rs. 120 to 350.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES,
of English make, with highly-finished jewelled lever escapement movements, enamelled dial with small seconds, plain or compensated balance, stout hunting, half-hunting, or open crystal face cases, priced, plain, engine turned or richly engraved case, at Rs. 350 to 650.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD NON-KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES,
same quality in every way as above, at Rs. 300 to 400.

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with highly-finished movements, in hunting, half-hunting, and open face, keyless, priced at Rs. 200 to 350; non-keyless, at Rs. 85 to 150.

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with keyless movement, jewelled, works visible, may be had with black or white dial; the black dial shows time well at night. Rs. 50.

REPAIRS
of every description executed with care and despatch by experienced workmen. Charges moderate.

HAMILTON & CO,
BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I.,
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Next door to National Bank.

## CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

ARE the only Representatives of the Wine Trade *per se* in India. Their Business was founded, in Europe in 1815, in India 1842.

Every description of suitable Wines for India may be obtained on the best terms from us as original Importers, and detailed Lists of them on application.

Address us either at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee or Lahore.

Our Agents are to be found at all the principal Stations in India.

BISQUIT DUBOUCHE & CO.'S COGNAC.

| | Cash. |
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| * One Star, quarts ... ... ... | Rs. 25 0 |
| * One „ Flasks, per case of 2 doz. ... ... ... | 25 0 |
| * One „ Half-flasks, per case of 4 doz. ... ... ... | 25 0 |
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BOUTELLEAU & Co.'s 3 DAGGER COGNAC.

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| India Brand ... ... ... ... ... ... | 26 0 |
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| One diamond ... ... ... ... ... ... | 26 0 |
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| * One star, quarts ... ... ... ... ... | 22 0 |

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| * One star, quarts ... ... ... ... ... | 19 0 |

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
ESTABLISHED 1878.
SHIRT, COLLAR, TIE, SCARF, AND GLOVE DEPARTMENTS.

| SHIRTS. | Rs. a. |
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| White long cloth ... ...from | 2 0 each |
| Do. do. Linen Cuffs and Fronts, Shakespeare Collars ... „ | 2 4 „ |
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| Prints, French, fast colors... „ | 1 15 „ |
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| Oxford with Collars ... „ | 0 12 „ |
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| Having secured the services of an experienced cutter, Gentlemen can rely upon a perfect fit. | |
| COLLARS. | |
| Linen, all the new Shapes... „ | 3 6 doz. |
| Do. Cuffs do. ... „ | 4 4 „ |

| SCARFS AND TIES. | Rs. a. |
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| Black Silk Ties ... ...from | 0 4 each |
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| Washing, fast colors ... „ | 1 8 doz. |
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| Sailor Knots ... ... „ | 0 8 „ |
| The best selected assortment of the above in Bombay. | |
| GLOVES. | |
| White Kid ... ... ... „ | 1 12 pair |
| Driving Gloves ... ... „ | 1 12 „ |

GENTLEMEN before paying high prices, should compare our qualities, and they will find that by purchasing at the BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR they will save at the least 50 per cent.

THE BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR
is painted Red, White, and Blue, and the Address is
ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.
BRANCH, POONA CASH BAZAAR, EAST-STREET, POONA.

## AMERICAN ORGUINETTE,
IMPROVED PATTERN.

THE AMERICAN ORGUINETTE is a Reed Musical Instrument, constructed somewhat on the principle of the American Organ, and adapted to be automatically operated by simple sheets or strips of perforated paper, each sheet representing one or more tunes. There is no limit to either kind or quantity of music. It will play HYMN TUNE, POPULAR AIR, SET OF QUADRILLE, POLKAS, WALTZES, REELS, and HORNPIPES with a clearness, accuracy and degreed execution which but few performers can equal. ANYBODY CHILD CAN PLAY IT. The music-box and all kindred instruments are the only expensive luxuries enjoyed by a few, but they are limited to a few set tunes, and so soon become tiresome, and as means of enjoyment to their owners, entirely worthless. The AMERICAN ORGUINETTE, with its automatic music sheets, represents both organ and organist, both music, musician, and music-teacher, and so is admirably adapted for singing-parties, dancing-parties, winter evening entertainments, and educational purposes, and is, therefore, not only the latest musical wonder, but the price considered.

The most Marvellous Mechanical Musical Instrument of the Age.

It is the most simple, perfect, instructive, enjoyable, and amusing automatic Musical Instrument in the World.

PERFORMING EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MUSIC.

PRICE, WITH ATTACHMENT AND MUSIC, Rs. 60. Packing, Rs. 2 extra.

The above style is provided with an Expression Box, by means of which the quality and power of the tone are greatly varied.

EXTRA TUNES FROM RS. 1-8 EACH.

Excellent in tone. Unique in design. Perfectly simple in principle. Strong in construction. Durable in every part.

A larger instrument than the above at Rs. 250.

## "CANTANTE RESONANTE" PIANO.

Its Recommendations are:—

APPEARANCE Handsome, Solid Dark Wood. TONE, Rich and Full, suitable for singing or for brilliant Pianoforte Music. COMPASS, Seven Octaves, Full Compass. CONSTRUCTION, Sympathetic Metal Frame. Latest improvements in action. CHEAPNESS, Price Rs. 650, Packing Case Extra.

Intending Purchasers are respectfully requested to inspect the above Instrument, and it will be found to be equal, if not superior, to any other Piano at the price sold in Bombay.

"Cantante Resonante" Piano sold on the Easy Payment System.

Fresh Shipments of New Pianos to hand by every Mail-steamer.

S. ROSE & CO.,
9, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

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SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED), import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally TROUGHTON and SIMMS, ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at a slightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.
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